جوردان تليمز يومية سياسية تصدر بألاتجليزية عن للؤسسة المنحلية الاينية ،الراي،

BAHRAIN (AP) — A Chinese ship said to be carrying chemical weapons ingredients for Iran received fresh food and water Friday, weeks after it was denied permission to enter the Gulf to reach its port of call. The Yinhe has been anchored in the Gulf of Oman, off Fujairah, since Sunday, It was denied permission Aug. 3 to pass through the Strait of Hormuz on its way to Dubai. Dubai said it would not allow the ship to dock, after the United States warned that the vessel was carrying lethal chemical additives which would be unloaded at the emirate and shipped to chemical additives which would be unloaded at the emirate and shipped 10 Iran. Washington has said the ship would be allowed to proceed only after Beijing allows in have it searched. China has denied that the ship is carrying chemical weapons ingredients. In a ship-to-shore telephone contact, the Yinhe's crew said provisions were being unloaded onto their ship as a U.S. military helicopter circled overhead. Speaking in broken English, they identified the vessel bringing the provisions as Gaeship-5. That vessel's provenance could not he traced. But the Yinhe's total agency that the standard of the ship of the traced. are based in Dubai. The 19,237-tonne ship is being shadowed by the USS Ingraham. The Yinhe's captain, Rude Chang, said the U.S. ship was five kilometres from his vessel.

Volume 17 Number 5388

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AMMAN SATURDAY, AUGUST 21, 1993 RABIE' AL AWAL 3, 1414

Price: 150 Fils

King receives cable from Yeltsin

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Friday received a cable from Russian President Boris Yeltsin congratulating him on the 30th anniversary of establishing diplomade relations be-tween both countries. President Yeltsin said his government is satisfied with the level of bilateral relations and the close cooperation exerted in the search for peace in the Middle East. The Russian president voiced his confidence that Russia and Jordan will benefit from the important available resources in both countries to further develop bilateral relations. He wished King Hus-sein continued good health and happiness and the Jordanian people further progress and prosper-

Palestinian youth shot in the eye

GAZA CITY, occupied Gaza Strip (AFP) — Troops shot a 15-year-old Palestinian io the eye riday in elashes following trouole the day before which left eight Palestinians and an Israeli soldier wounded, witnesses said. Soldiers opened fire on protestors in Rafah, where the occupied Gaza Strip borders Egypt, hitting the youth who was taken to Gaza's eye hospital with a serious injury. The clash erupted near where a grenade was lobbed at an army jeep and injured an Israeli soldier on Thursday, according to the army. The soldiers opened fire, wounding four Palestinians, witnesses said. Troops also shot three demonstrators in Gaza City and one in Nusseirat on Thurs-

Comoros seeks to join Arab League

ABU DHABI (AFP) - Comoros, a tiny island in the Indian Ocean, has applied to join the Arab League, Al Ittibad daily reported Friday. Arab foreign ministers will discuss the request en they meet in September, the semi-official paper said, quoting informed sources at the Cairo-based league. "The Arab League secretariat has completed a series of studies on the political. legal, historical and cultural aspects of Comoros as well as its Arab and Islamic affiliations," it said. The league, created in 1942, groups 20 Arab countires and the Palestine Liberation Organisa-tion. The three islands of Comoros, with an area of 2,950 square silometres had been controlled oy Muslim sultans until the French acquired them in 1841. The country declared independence in a referendum in 1975.

Syria: Israel killing chances of peace

DAMASCUS (R) - Syria said Friday that Israeli settlers who set up seven mobile homes on the Golan Heights were threatening the Middle East peace talks. The official newspaper Al Thawra said the action could mean pushing to failure the coming round of the Middle East peace talks in Washington. "While Israel is deliberately working 10 kill the chances of peace and is stripping the peace process of the means of success, its aim beyond that is to prevent the coming round of talks from making prog-ress and in doom its conclusions to failure," Al Thawra said. Witnesses said Wednesday that Jewish settlers had set up seven Heights. They said the settlers planned to declare a new sertle-

Udai reelected head of journalists

NICOSIA (AP) - Saddam Hussein's eldest son, Udai, on Friday was unanimously reelected leader of the Iraqi Journalists' Association, the Iraqi News Agency reported. Udai Hussein received all 1.122 votes at an association meeting which he had summooed, INA said in a dispatch monitored in Nicosia. The meeting was held under the slogan, "Democracy: a Source of Power for the Individual and Society," INA said. Udai Hussein, 29, runs the Babel newspaper, which has teen unparalleled in its criticism of his father's government. The father-son relationship has been rocky at times, although Udai's star has been rising of late.

Hizbollah warns Israel against Lebanon raids

Rabin says attacks that killed nine

Israeli soldiers not a truce violation

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Resistance fighters vowed Friday to fire strikes in hills surrounding East fresh salvoes of Karyusha rockets into Israel if it harmed civilians in South Lehanon to avenge the killing of oine Israeli soldiers by guerrilles.

The new threat was issued after civilian fears subsided of a huge Israeli retaliatory blitz similar to last month's assault on the south. Most people stayed put in their home towns and villages although hundreds packed a few belongings and took refuge with relatives and friends in safer areas. An Israeli army spokesman said a 22-year-old Israeli lieutenant died of injuries sustained in

Thursday's bombings, raising the death toll from Thursday's attacks to nine. That was the highest one-day death toll since Israel carved out its self-styled "security zone" in South Lebanoo in 1985.

The two guerrilla attacks, in the morning and at sundown, were elaimed by Hizbollah. In the first attack, Lebanese

sources said three bomb explosions hit a 15-member Israeli army foot patrol near the village of Shibeen.

CAIRO (Agencies) - Muslim

militaots who almost killed

Egypt's interior minister in a

bomh attack Wednesday target-

ted other ministers and top reli-

gious figures, security sources

They said militants now on trial

in a military court were linked to

one of the attackers and had staked

prominent figures before their

Their targets included Religious

Affairs Minister Mohammad

Mahjoub, the sheikh of Al Azhar

University and Other public fi-

gures, the security sources said.

led five people and wounded 15

including Interior Minister Hassan Al Alfi, was the militants'

fourth major assassination

Security Officials said a elaim of

responsibility by Al Jihad (Holy

Struggle) group showed the gov-

ernment now faced at least two

militant groups who may be out-

bidding each other for leadership

of the Muslim fundamentalist

movement seeking to set up a purist Islamie state in Egypt.

different groups, allies and rivals

at the same time. Al Jihad want

publicity. They will do anything

to show they are the strongest

group," a senior security official

Jihad was the group which assassinated President Anwar

Sadat in 1981.

"It's like the 1970s. There are

attempt this year.

Wednesday's attack, which kil-

Lebanon's ancient city of Baalbek and the village of Janta in the castern Bekaa Valley near the Syrian border. Two guerrillas were killed, according to Hizbol-

After the air raid, two more bombs were detonated by remote control Thursday evening, targeting an Israeli patrol at a ravine about 800 metres from the scene of the earlier explosion.

The U.S. State Department condemned the Hizbollah attacks, saying they were "yet another calculated attempt by extremists to derail the peace pro-

After Israel's offensive last month, U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher brokered a cease-fire that halted the Israeli This violent act is yet aoother

calculated attempt by extremists to derail the peace process, just as preparations are underway to resume negotiations in Washington," the U.S. statement said. It urged all parties "to do everything in thier power to pre-

vent such violent acts from divert-

Egypt's worst wave of political

violence in a decade started last

year with attacks on Christians,

low-ranking police officers and

tourists in upper Egypt, often claimed by Al Gamaa Al Isla-

dropped out of the picture in

recent months, apparently curbed

by bloody police raids and 15

In a claim of responsibility for Wednesday's attack Jihad also

threatened to retaliate for any harm that happens to its spiritual

guide, sheikb Omar Abdul Rah-

man. He is jailed in New York on

"The Jihad group in Egypt declares responsibility for the last

attack on Hassan Al Alfi, the

interior minister of the Egyptian

regime that fights Islam and car-

ries out the policy of America

and Israel in the region," a hand-

eharge of police and has been

cracking down hard on Muslim

extremists periodically since Sad-

dat's death in 1981, suffered a

fractured arm in Wednesday's

attack, when a bomh on a parked

motoreyele exploded as his

motorcade passed in downtown

Cairo. Four people were killed,

including at least one of the born-

bers, and 14 others wounded in

the bombing and shooting after-

Gen. Alfi flew to Switzerland

early on Friday for treatment. He

Gen. Alfi, whose ministry is in

immigration charges.

written statement said.

executions in June and July.

But Al Gamaa have largely

miyya (Islamic Group).

Jihad claims attack

Israel responded with air ing them from the pursuit of a oegotiated settlement of their differences and achievement of a just, lasting and comprehensive peace in the region.

"If the enemy resumes bitting civilians Katyusha rockets will be fired against it again," Sheikh Mohammad Hussein Fadiallah said in a Friday's prayer sermon at a Beirut mosque.

"We have said that we are against bombing (Israeli) civilians but if they want to kill our civilians they should know that we will not be the only ones to suffer.

"He who seeks to kill us, we will seek to kill him," said Sheikh Fadallah.

It was the most direct threat to resume Katyusha attaeks made by a top Hizbollah leader since U.S.-mediated ceasefire "understandings" ended the seven-day Israeli bombardment of the south last month.

Under the ceasefire, the pro-Iranian Hizbollah (Party of God) stopped firing Katyusha rockets into northern Israel. Security sources in the south

may have an artificial joint fitted

but movement of the arm could

still be permanently impaired,

The Jihad communique, tele-

faxed Thursday night to an ioter-

national news agency in Cairo,

said two of the organisation's

members carried out the assas-

sinatioo attempt. It identified

them as Nazih Nushi Rashed and

Tarek Abdul Nahi Hassan, both

The statement's authenticity

could not be independently veri-

fied. But a lawyer who represents

Muslim extremists in court said

its historical references were au-

The starment said the guerrillas

belonged to Jihad's Issam Al

Kamari cell, named for an army

nfficer sentenced to 15 years in

prison after Saddat's murder. He

was killed in 1988 in an abortive

Mr. Rashed lost a leg in

Wednesday's attack and died in a

hospital Thursday, after police

identified him as an attacker.

Police also originally identified a

man who was dismembered by

the blast as Hassan, a wanted

militant. But they backed off that

identification on the basis of a

fingerprint check hut said the

dismembered man could have

been among bombers.
Mr. Rashed was wanted hy

authorities for belonging to the

illegal Vanguards of Conquest, a

thenric.

of whom it said were killed.

(Cootinued on page 10)



A group of Palestinian fighters in 'Ain Al Hilweh refugee camp seen during a military meeting to prepare an operation against Israelis in South Lebanon (AFP photo)

King: Electoral change necessity, other amendments in due time

AMMAN (J.T.) - His Majesty introduce another temporary law King Hussein has said that the introduction of one-person, onevote system into the Election Law was necessary at this stage and that other amendments will follow it and when necessity die-

The recent measures concerning the Election Law were adopted after a lengthy dehate that involved all poiots of views and at all levels," the King said io a meeting with journalists at the Royal Coutt. "We have found circumstances ripe (for such a move to give the chance) for all to exercise their rights to elect the next Parliament on equal foot-

The King added that this amendment might not be the perfect thing to have but other changes might be introduced in the future to go hand in hand with developments. "We might find it necessary to

developing with the reality we are living in," the King said. "And to say that everything is one hundred per cent correct is untrue. But we always yearn to achieve the best.

The King said that the amendmeot was only a very minor one introduced at this stage to rectify a defect discovered in the past, He said that other issues, such as giving the right to vote for Jordanian citizens ootside the country and Jordanian Armed Forces,

but might be addressed in the "There are some loopholes (io the law) that bave to be overcome, and we will continue to introduce ameliorations in the coming stages," he said pointing out that more discussion, coop-

needed "which might take four,

Bosnia talks adjourn with draft map

have not been tackled at present

eight or even 12 years to achieve. at a later stage because we are developing with the reality we are will maiotain with the cooperation of everyone."

The Kiog emphasised Jordan's commitment to its Constitution and National Charter and will to safeguard democracy and pluralism. He warned agaiost any attempt to abort the democratisation process.

"We are sincerely and honestly keen on promoting democracy, pluralism and respect of buman rights," His Majesty said. "It seems to me that there are some who did not want this experience succeed and achieve its expected objectives and goals."

The King said in an answer to journalists' questions that "we must not live in a lie of unanimous approval oo supporting policies. We are human beings and everyone has his/her own

(Continued on page 10)

eration and organisation were

GENEVA (AFP) - International mediators presented Bosnia's warring factions with a draft peace accord Friday including a proposed map for the country's ethnie division in hopes of ending the hitter 17-month Bosnian con-

But the Bosnian government delegation of President Alija Izetbegovie, promising to submit the plan to the Bosnian parlia-ment, said it was "not satisfied" as "the Serbs will not give up ethoically-eleansed territories which were taken by force."

The Bosnian Serb and Croat leaders, Radovan Karadzic and Mate Boban, also predicted a tough fight 10 get the package accepted by their self-styled par-

John Mills, spokesman for the year-old Geneva negotiations, announced that the peace talks were adjourning and would resume on Aug. 30 for what he called a "final meeting" here. Mr. Mills said the package in-

cluded documents on constitutional and other issues already worked out and a map for the division of Bosnia into three ethnic republics "reflecting the discussions that have taken

Conference co-chairman Lord Owen and Thorvald Stolienberg, urging all sides to show greater flexibility in efforts to oail down a settlement, first met alone Friday with Mr. Izetbegovie, who has been skeppical of chances for an carly settlement.

European Community (EC) envoy Lord Owen said earlier there had been "substantial movement" oo tbe map after agreements on eoostitutional principles, military arrangements, and temporary U.N.

administración of Sarajevo. The mediator said the Serbs and the Croats bad made "important concessions" on the future status of central Bosnia that have "gone some way" towards resolv-

He also said the Bosnians bad won guarantees of access to the Sava River in the oorth and Adriatic Sea in the south to avoid becoming a landlocked state at the mercy of their enemies. But Lord Owen said the main

problem was the amount of territory to be accorded the three parties. The Serbs currently control 70 per cent of the former Yugoslav republic, the Croats about 20 per cent and the Bosnians I0 per ceot. The Muslims accounted for 44

per cent of Bosnia's pre-war population and Mr. Izetbegovic is seeking 43 per cent of the land while the original Serbo-Croat partition plan would give them less than a third.

Mr. Karadzie said the agreement gave at least 30 per cent of an ethnically divided Bosnia to the Muslim-led government.

"It is a painful compromise but this compromise may hring an end to the war," he told reporters as he left U.N. headquarters.

ANKARA (Agencies) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan arrived in Turkey on Friday for talks with President Suleiman Demirel and Prime Minister Tansu Ciller. The Crown Prince, who is

in Turkey

Crown

Prince

accompanied by Her Royal Highness Princess Sarvath, will discuss Arab-Turkish, Jordanian-Turkish relations and other issues of common concern, the Jordan News Agency, Petra, said.

A Royal Court announcement said the Crown Prince would be bolding meetiogs with President Demirel and Prime Minister Cil-

The talks will be held within the international and Islamic framework and will also cover matters related to the geogral

situation in the Middle East. His Majesty King Hussein visited Turkey earlier this month following a visit to Amman by Turkish Foreign Minister Hikmat

Cetin io July. Io comments to Turkish reporters Friday, the Crown Prince

"His Majesty was very recently in Ankara. Prior to that we received the Turkish foreign minister in Amman and we are happy to see close coordination between Turkey and Jordan on foreign policy issues, both in the ongoing attempts to revive the Arab-Israeli peace process, our shared concerns for the issues of the bour and in particular the ques-

tion of the refugees."
"The Azeri refugees crossing the border which is a subject of deep coocern in Jordan, the country which has bosted refugees from other conflicts, most notably and recently over 400 refugees from Bosnia and which shares with Turkey deep concern for developments in this West Asian and East Mediterranean

To reply to a question on whether he was carrying any mes-sages from King Husseio, be said: "Basically there was an agreemeet during the foreign minister's meeting in Amman to establish or revive the Turkish-Jordanian joint commission, and it is our hope that during our discussions we will take this a step further.'

In reply to a question on Iraq, he said: "Clearly we are both conotries that are neighbour to Iraq and directly affected by developments both in Iraq and as a result of the outflow of the Gulf war and the movement of demography which is of concern to us both, and iodeed the question

of sanctions." Prince Hassan met with Ms. Ciller and conveyed to her the

greetings of King Hussein. Prince Hassan and Mr. De-mirel discussed bilateral relations, regional and international developments, the Middle East peace process, the situation in Bosnia-Herzegovina and the suffering of the Iraqi people.

New givens herald fresh strategies for Parliament hopefuls

By Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - The introduction of a one-person, one-vote formula to the election process has confused the campaign plans of some political parties and is likely to produce unexpected winners in the Nov. 8 legislative elections, observers and commentators say.

The new temporary election law will require political parries and groups to consolidate efforts in order to ensure their candidates receive the highest number of votes at the polls in November.

Analysts and observers believe that political parties on the right, left nr centre of the political spectrum will have to, first, consolidate efforts in each district in order to get one candidate from their political spectrum elected; and, second, to coosider tribal and sectarian voung elements in each district before choosing their candi-dates; and, third, to consider having intra-party or coalition primaries in order to reduce the number of candidates vying

"The one-person, one vote

formula will strengthen those candidates with popular base and those to whom tribal support is assured," said one lef-tist commentator after the new election law was made public last Tuesday.

"This tribal support can also be forthcoming in terms of regional origin — it is not restricted to tribes as such," added the leftist commentator referring to popular support accorded to Palestinian candidates in areas like the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth districts in Amman Gov-

"The 'Palestinian issue' is big in areas such as the Third District of Amman in which either Jordanians of prominent West Bank origin or Jordanians with a historical involvement in the Palestine cause are more likely to get votes than elsewhere will be elected," said the leftist commentator.

With the one-person, onevote formula, however, votes would be split among what are expected to be up to some 20 candidates per legislative seat. Some political observers believe that even in traditionally

liberal voting areas, tribal or regional orientation could define the outcome of the elections rather than political programmes or platforms.

"Traditionally the first priority of any voter goes to the family, tribe, fellow-townsfolk and the like; the second vote goes to the polinical pringram-me, party and so-forth," explained a minister in the current government. "The first vote in the up-coming elections will be the only vote," he added referring to the one vote allocated to each voter.

Fearing that tribal- or clanvoting patterns will dominate the voting trend in all of Jordan's 20-voting districts, polirical observers believe that political parties and coalitions will have to discipline their memhers and field their stroogest candidate in each district and prevent any rival candidate, who may belong to the same political group and social-regional clan, to hold off their candidacy until another election if they hope to assure themselves of seats in Parlia-

"There are seven registered

leftist parties in Jordan," said a member of the Jordanian Arah National Democratie Alliance (JANDA), an umhrella group for leftist and pan-Arab parties, and individuals. "Together with the three pan-Arah par-ties, they could form a coalitinn and field one strong candi-date in each district and probably win," said one of the founding members of JANDA, the governor of Amman, Mamdouh Al Abbadi.

But the lack of unity amnng political parties in general and the left and pan-Arab parties in particular is likely to make this an unlikely scenario.

In the last elections, pan-Arah, tiberal and leftist candidates won some 12 seats in the Lower House. Political observers close to the JANDA coalition say that unless the leftists and pan-Arab groups unite and come up with one combined list of candidates, they may lose seats in Parliament rather than gain seats.

While aware of the likelihood that a change in the Election Law was imminent, most of the political parties on the left of the political scale

had not prepared an alternative election strategy in the event that the only change to the Election Law be the oneperson, one-vote formula.

Although this limited change had been widely speculated about and expected, the leftist parties, inined by some of the pan-Arab parties, will formulate a new strategy this week pending the legal attempts hy seven of these parties to protest and challenge the government's decision to opt for limited change in the Election Law.

Meanwhile, the Islamists, in particular the Islamic Action Front, continued to express opposition to the change. IAF insiders say that the

most likely campaign strategy of the Islamists will be to choose the most likely and popular candidate in each district of the Kingdom and field

"We are going to field at least one candidate in each district and two or more in a number of limited districts in Amman as well as Balqa, Irbid and Zarqa," said a spokesperson for the IAF on Friday.

While the on-going dehate in the Muslim Brotherhood movement and IAF continues on what to do about the change in the Election Law, most insiders believe that beynnd written protests neither the IAF nor the other parties who objected a limited change in the law will take any action to protest the change.

The centrist and right-wing parties, which, along with one Islamist party, the Arab Democrace Islamie Movement (Dua'a), showed the least overall opposition to the limited change in the Election Law, are likely to retain the predominatly traditional and clan/tribal orientation of the last parliament, political observers believe.

These parties are tribal and clan based as it is and thus even if they don't increase the number of seats formerly held by deputies who advocate such political currents they are unlikely to decrease io number.

At least 25 traditional, centrist and right of centre politicians held seats in the last parliament.

Secretary General of the Al

Ahd Party Abdul Hadi Al Ma-jali told the Jordan Times that some cooperation during the elections between centrist parties such as Al Ahd, Watan, Yakdha, the Jordan National Alliance and the Popular Unity Party was "very plausible" and indicated that some candidates would be agreed upon as a "joint candidate" in certain

That leaves three centrist parties to decide with whom or how they will form a coalition. Al Mustakbal, the Party for Progress and Justice as and the Unionist Arab Democratic Party have yet to align them-selves with any of the more clearly defined political orientations of the left, right or Islamist parties. Based only in part on tribal

affiliations the centrists represent mainly well-established urban groups that are business and industry oriented and are relatively small in number. Political observers believe that in order to win votes the centrists will have to field popular personalities or candidates with strong tribal or regional

Palestinian institutions suffer as coffers dry up

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM fighters have not received their (AFP) — The Palestine Libera- salaries from the PLO for tion Organisation's (PLO) huge network of social, financial and military operations is falling apart

amid a crippling financial crisis.

Trained fighters are working as hutchers' boys, experienced offi-cials are scraping a living working in restaurants and laundries, and tens of thousands of Palestinians accustomed to receiving many of the benefits provided by a real state from the PLO are finding their only source of livelihood cut

The financial crisis was precipitated by PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat's support for Iraq after its 1990 invasion of Kuwait, which promoted the oil-rich Gulf Arah states to withdraw funding to the PLO, estimated by the United Nations to have run into hundreds of millions of dollars a year.

Tens of thousands of Palestinians with well-paid jobs were thrown out of Kuwait in the aftermath of the emirate's liberation by a U.S.-led multinational force in 1991, leading to a further drying-up of funds.

The results have been devastating. Palestinian "prisoners of war" in Israeli military jails have not received their monthly payment of between \$75 and \$105 for

PLO representation across the world has been cut back, and personnel at the head office in Tunis has been slashed. Two high schools run by the organisation have been closed down in Lebanon, home to 350,000 Palestinians, and where the Palestinian Red Crescent medical service has

been paralysed for a year.

Families stormed a U.N. food store in a refugee camp in Lebanon two weeks ago and made off with sacks of flour and sugar.

But the most serious effect is in the Israeli-occupied territories of the Gaza Strip, the West Bank and East Jerusalem, where, according to estimates by Palestiman economists, annual funding from the PLO for educational, social, health and political organisations has been cut by between

70 and 80 per cent. Economists estimate annual PLO funds to the territories of \$300 to \$310 milliou have dropped to between \$60 and \$90 million dollars.

Many Palestinian analysts see another reason for the Arab states' continued withholding of funds: They want to pressure the PLO into making concessions in

the Middle East peace talks. "Cutting off aid to the Palesti-Many academics, officials and nians is aimed at making them er solution they can get," said Munir Maqdah, head of the forces in Lebanon of Fatch, the main PLO faction.

In the West Bank and Gaza, the Islamic fuudameutalist Hamas is welcoming with open arms Palestinians disillusioned with Mr. Arafat's organisation. Funding for universities in the

territories, with their 13,000 studeuts, has all but dried up. According to Palestinian ecouomist Samir Huleileh, the institutions received between \$22 million and \$25 million annually before the Gulf war: Now they get. only \$2 million a year.

Lecturers at Bir Zeit, the most prestigious university in the occupied territories, have not been paid for two months.

"The only course of action for the universities is to drastically increase their fees, which will mean 60 per cent of students abandoning their studies," Mr. Huleileh told AFP.

He added that 42,000 families highle for PLO "social services"

risked going broke.

The "people's committees' aiding the intifada are in serious financial difficulty. The committee in Tulkarm, in the north of the West Bank, has had its funds the West Bank, has had its funds chopped from \$20,000 a month to \$5,000.

building U.S. tanks in Egypt costlier by

WASHINGTON (AP) - Several years and more than a billion dollars could have been saved if the United States had produced tanks for Egypt in America instead of financing a sprawling

Nine years after President Ronald Reagan's administration agreed to start the arrangement, the factory near Cairo is largely unused and overhead costs are heavy, said the General Account-

only about 75 have been comof a planned delivery of 524 M1A1 tanks for the Egyptian

sentatives.

Mr. Obey and others on his panel have been saying that Israel and Egypt, the top two recipients of U.S. foreign aid at levels unchanged for a decade, eventually because all classrooms are filled

The report said the State Department agreed mainly for political reasons to "coproduction" of tanks with Egypt, "an impor-tant Middle East ally." Department officials 'were convinced that Egypt would not accept complete U.S.-built tanks as a substitute so they never considered that

option seriously." Financing began in 1984 with a \$150 million contract for the U.S. General Dynamics Corporation to design and provide other basics

"If the United States had not provided the initial funding for factory design and construction oversight, (it) would have been in a hetter position to resist an Egyptian request for coproduction," the report said. Coproduction meant joint manufacture of tanks with most of them assembled in the Egyptian facility with eontrolled mastiff drones with high-resolution TV cameras over Sonth Leba-

By Ed Blanche

The Associated Press

NICOSIA — Iranian-backed

guerrillas and Israeli soldiers

are fighting a deadly electro-

nie war in the desolate

panhandle of South Leba-

non, with both sides cou-

stantly outwitting the other to

gain a temporary advantage.

The nine soldiers the Israelis admit were killed

Thursday in an ambush in the

Israel-occupied "security

zone" along the border were

victims of the guerrillas' in-

creasingly sophisticated elec-

This has added a new

dimension to the violence

that has torn the flashpoint

region in the Arab-Israeli

conflict for more than two

South Lehanon regularly

explodes into serious fight-

ing. Last month guerrillas un-

leashed broadsides of

Katyusha rockets, while the

Israelis responded with air

strikes using "smart bombs"

But most deaths in this

vicious little war come from

the unremitting conflict ou

the ground between 700 or so

hardcore guerrillas, funded

and armed by Tehran, and

the 1,500 Israeli troopers pat-

rolling the "security zone"

with their 2,500-strong militia

allies of the South Lebanon

The Israelis, with their

state-of-the-art weapoury,

high-tech systems and intense

military training, have long

held the technological edge

But for the first time, they

are facing highly monvated

guerrillas who are steadily

acquiring technical expertise.

boliah's attacks over the last

1g months used remote-

controlled roadside bombs in

Israel occupied the 1,100-

sonare-kilometre zone in

Lebanon — the only hot

combat zone in the Arab-

Israeli conflict — in 1985 as a

buffer against attacks on its

To thwart Hizbollah and

other raiders, the Israelis fly

round-the-clock surveillance

missions using small remote-

the "security zone."

northern settlements.

Around 75 per cent of Hiz-

over their Arab foes.

decades.

and missiles.

Army (SLA).

tronie bombs and tactics.

Hizbollah fighters mourning Friday in Baalbeck, sirplanes in retalization of Hizbollah attacks in one of their stronghold in the Bekaa Valley, two of South Lebanon which killed nine Israeli soldiers their comrades killed Thursday by raids of Israeli (AFP photo)

Guerrillas, Israelis wage

electronic war in Lebanon

The drones' 22-horsepower motors make them virtually silent and they normally fly at around 4,180 metres so they cannot be seen from the ground. Their fiberglass construction makes them invisi-

They transmit real-time video pictures to Israeli military command posts and can eavesdrop on telephone conversatious.

The Israelis' hilltop firebases, and the ravines and wadis used by infiltrators, are studded with listening devices and sensors that can detect human body heat from hundreds of metres away. But the guerrillas still get

through. The Israelis, employing tactics developed in the 1970s Irish Republican Army (IRA) in Northern Ireland. began countering the Hizbollah bombers by locating the frequencies they used to detouate their hombs, then transmitting on those frequencies to blow up the

charges prematurely. Security sources said this had some intial success, and at least six guerrillas were killed in two incidents last year when bombs they were preparing were detonated by Israeli transmissions.

· After the guerrillas figured out what was happening, they went back to using bombs detonated manually through command wires by men hiding within sight of the

But these kind of bombs are easier to detect because the wires can be spotted.

Hizbollah realised that their men needed sophisticated equipment such as receivers to monitor the Israeli transmissions, recording equipment to tape Israeli frequencies, computers to aualyse the data and computer-controlled transmitters to detonate the

The sources said Iran provided Hizbolah with military experts and the equipment to develop a new coded remote-

control system, which was first detected last summer. It involved fitting bombs with "at least two receivers with scramblers" which meant the Israelis could not reproduce the detonation frequeucies, one source explained.

But after two months, the Israelis managed to penetrate that system and detouated a roadside bomb prematurely after it was planted, although without Hizbollah casualties.

Hizbollah responded by fitting their bombs with small jammers which blocked the Israeli transmissions.

"These bombs were detonated by computerised multifrequency transmission systems operated by guerrillas keeping their target in sight,"

one source said. Hizbollah's move into electronic warfare underlines the movement's growing sophis-

No longer do the bearded guerrillas wearing greeu headbands with Koranic slogans strut around the southern villages in plain view. They learned that such

high-profile antics made them easy targets for the Israelis. Stealth is now their watch-

word. Even so, Israeli intelligence often locate buildings used by Hizbollah commanders which are hit hy helicopter gunships and fighterbombers in a never-ending effort to decapitate the movement.

Until a couple of years ago, Hizhollah would attack Israeli or SLA positions with as many as 50 fighters in suicidal frontal assaults that gained little at a high human cost.

Now, they mainly operate in small groups and have

learned new tricks. For instance, instead of just planting a bomb to hit an Israeli patrol, they plant a small charge that is detonated when a truck-borne patrol

Then, as the Israelis pile oot of their vehicle to take cover, a second, larger bomh, often seeded with metal pellets or uails, is detonated as the soldiers are caught in the

NEWS IN BRIEF

Kuwait imposes 'permit' for foreign press

KUWAIT CITY (AFP) — Foreign journalists reporting from Kuwait must now obtain a permit from the government ahead of their assignment, according to a decree from Information Minister Saud Nasser Al Sabah. Foreign news agency correspondents, newspaper reporters as well as television and radio network journalists must first obtain permission from the Ministry of Information and promise to respect the code of professional ethics of the decree said. Representatives of official press agencies in Kuwait will, for their part, need authorisation from the Foreign Ministry before setting up shop here. "Every press agency wishing to obtain a permit must respect the customs and traditions of Kuwaiti society the press code and Kuwaiti regulations. Kuwaiti society, the press code and Kuwaiti regulations... other-kuwaiti society, the press code and Kuwaiti regulations... other-the permit will be revoked and its holder may be pursued by justice," the statement said about the two-year, renewable authorisation. Kuwaiti authorities, which had lifted pre-censorship on the print media in Kuwait in January 1992, have repeatedly warned journalists against harming the emirate's national secur-

Israel offers to treat 20 Bosnian amputees

TEL AVIV (AFP) - Israel has offered to treat 20 Bosnian children whose arms or legs have been amputated in the civil war, the health ministry announced. The offer was made a few days ago to the World Health Organisation which has asked member countries to help treat Bosnia's wounded. The amputees must be 17 years or younger and accompanied by a family member, the ministry's spokeswoman Rachel Bluestein told AFP, adding that Israel proposed receiving them since it is experienced in treating such cases. The children will be admitted to a new pediatric hospital in the Tel Aviv area to receive treatment and undergo the necessary rehabilitative therapy. Representatives from the health and foreign ministries as well as air force officials met Wednesday to discuss the children's evacuation from Bosnia and their reception here. Sunday's evacuation to Britain of 21 wounded and sick Bosnians from Sarajevo, dubbed operation Irma after one of the evacuated children, was strongly crinicised by the Bosnian delegation at the peace talks in Geneva, denouncing it as a publicity stunt. In February, Israel took in 83 Bosnian refugees who were put up at a kibbutz (collective village) in the north.

Britain pledges more aid for Sudan

LONDON (AP) — Britain will provide an additional £3.5 million (\$5.25 million) for relief aid in Sudan, the government said Wednesday. Some £1 million (\$1.5 million) is for immediate relief m southern Sudan. The rest will be distributed through voluntary. and United Nations organisations, the Overseas Development, Administration said.

Former Syrian army chief dies

AMMAN (J.T.) - Assistant Secretary General of the Arab Baath Party Salah Izzeddin Jadid died in Damscus Thursday at the age of 62. Major General Jadid was the chief of staff of the Syrian armed forces from 1962 until 1965 and one of the leaders of the 23rd of February Movement. He ws arrested and imprisoued by the Syrian government on Nov. 26 1970, less than two months after Syrian President Hafez Al Assad took office. The late Maj. Gen. Jadid is survived by his wife, three sons and two daughters, according to a report in Al Rai Arabie daily.

Mitsotakis praises 'responsible' Turkish policies

ATHENS (AFP) - Turkey has a "responsible" leadership and does not want to get involved in trouble in the Balkans, Greek Prime Minister Constantin Mitsotakis said in an interview published Thursday. He told the weekly Oikonomikos Tachythomos that Turkey did "not engage in reckless policy. It knows each time just how far it can go." Turkey was presently in a "very weak" position because of the "terrible problem with the Kurds" amongst other domestic issues, he said. Mr. Mitsotakis also criticised what he called the "trigger-happy" policies of the former Greek socialist government with regard to Turks. He said that under his government, Greek policy "has changed" in Western Thrace which is home to a large Muslim minority mainly of Turkish origin. There used to be "discrimination, administrative measures against the minority. Now the situation has changed," he said. On Cyprus, Ma Mitsotakis said the situation on the divided island was "not goid well" and he saw no prospect of an early settlement.

Congressmen protest 1,000 Iraqi PoW immigrants

MIAMI (AP) - About 1,000 Iraqi prisoners of war (PoWs) and their families are quietly being resettled in the United States, say Florida congressmen protesting the move. They are asking President Bill Clinton to "stop this policy of welcoming our former enemies to our home," according to a letter released Thursday by U.S. Rep. Earl Hutto, a Democrat of Florida. Many are bringing dependents with them, and resettlement costs are estimated at \$4,000 to \$7,000 per persou, said Mr. Hutto, just back from a tour of the Middle East, "Given the choice, I would much rather see that \$4,000 go to one of our own veterans, and not the people that were shooting at us," said Mr. Hutto's letter. It was also addressed to Attorney General Janet Reno and the Immigration and Naturalisation Service. U.S. Rep. Cliff Steams, a Florida Republican who also wrote a letter on behalf of the Florida congressional delegation questioning the policy, said the PoWs are being routed from camps in Saudi Arabia to California, Michigan, Texas, Tennessee and Illinois as well as Florida. "We are worried about them coming to Florida. ...why don't they stay in Saudi Arabia? Mr. Steams said in an interview. "Basically, it's an insult to veterans everywhere who are not getting their fair share."

Italy blocks arms sale to Mideast, Africa

ROME (AP) — Italian authorities say they have blocked a \$75 million sales of sophisticated weapons bound for two Mideast countries and several in Africa. Italian police arrested four alleged Middlemen — three from former Yugoslavia and an Englishman shortly after they concluded the contract last Saturday, police said. Marcello Fulvi, director of police anti-terrorism operations, said the arms were partly headed for two Mideast countries "at risk of war" and under "embargo." He declined to elave te and officials in his office were not immediately available for comment.

Cautious calm returns GAO says to war-torn Kabul

By Terence White Agence France Presse

KABUL - Just the tail-fin was visible, but that was enough for the demolition expert to identify the rocket huried in the Turkish emhassy garden as a Russianmade Órugan (Hurricane).

But this fin, the remains of a deadly 600-kilogramme monster which can carry several types of warhead, including highexplosive and white phosphorus incendiaries, had been fired on Kabul not recently but a year

More than 70 civilians were killed or wounded when this one missile exploded in the air near the Ministry of Communications, showering the area with a cluster of 50 small bombs, each the size of a medium mortar round.

Last August, Gulbuddin Hekmaryar's Hezb-e-Islami faction guerrillas were besieging Kabul, raining rockets and artillery shells in the worst butchery seen in the Afghan capital following the Mujahedeen's April 1992 takeover. That Orugan was just one of

those thousands of rockets. A year later, Mr. Hekmatyar is prime minister and Kahul is experiencing a relative if caudous calm, since latent bitter rivalry between the Mniahedeen factions erodes any real sense of Afghan national unity.

While the political machina-tions of Mr. Hekmatyar and his long-term rival, former Defence Minister Ahmad Shah Masoud. are mostly covert, the external manifestations of them are clearly visible in the physical destruction of whole suburbs of south and west Kahul, now mostly empty of inhabitants and as silent as the swollen graveyards scattered

among them. Yet the seeds of promise for a brighter future are being sown in war-weary Kahui.

The significant halt in rocket attacks has emboldened a handful of U.N. experts to return and reactivate suspended projects in Kabui, such as the city's water supply, half of which has been

restored in the last two weeks. Electricity comes in fits and starts, the rocket holes in major roadways are being filled in and resealed, and at least three sets of traffie lights blink at the anarchy of Afghan motorists for whom a

JORDAN TELEVISION

Tel: 773111-19

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PROGRAMME TWO

21:00

simple shopping excursion to the downtown hazaar may be likened to a frenzied cavalry charge.

In strange contrast to radio rhetoric directing women on righteous public dress codes, buses are not yet segregated due to overcrowding. Men and women find themselves packed in with the closest — and otherwise forbidden - physical proximity.

Telecommunications workers have linked Kabul to at least a quarter of the Afghan provinces hy telephone, providing calls are made from the general post office, and although international calls from Kabul are still impossi-

Some 2,000 of the 5,000 prerevolutionary public pay-phones are still working, at an equivalent price of one U.S. cent for seven

calls of unlimited duration. But some items seem lously over-priced.

A simple set of 10 kilogramme dumb-bells made from melteddown war scrap cost the bodybuilding enthusiasts the same as a foreigner pays the famed chicken street traders for a hand-crafted

antique knife of exquisite work-Kabul University plans to reopen before the end of August, and a month ago some primary schools were activated, although classes are held under the trees

with displaced families. "We will vacate the school when our homes are rehuilt and security is restored;" one woman squatter said.

Uniformed garrison forces have replaced guards on northside city intersections, but in the south and west of the capital. Mujahedeeu of Hezb-e-Islami and their Shi'ite Muslim allies Hezb-i-Wahdat dominate, where they continue to duel with Defence Ministry forces.

Food and fuel convoys, while starting to trickle through to Kabul from Pakistan, have yet to have a significant effect on food prices in the bazaar, which remain high.

"We are only thinking about how to get our bread - not what the leaders are doing," said one shop-keeper.

Of course we are hoping for long-term peace, but in the meantime survival is our main concern," he said.

Terrassacta Church Tcl: 622366

an Charch Tel. 630851, Tel.

Armenian Catholic Church Tel.

Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. 715261.

St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751.

Amman International Church Tel.

The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-

WEATHER

Day Saints Tel. 823824, 654932 Church of Nazarene Tel.675691.

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millions

Egyptian tank factory, according

to a report to Congress.

ing Office (GAO). Production started in 1991 and

army, it said. The report was released Thursday by Democratic Representarive David Obey, chairman of the sub-committee on foreign operatious in the appropriations committee of the House of Repre-

must expect cuts.

for the tank factory.

Egyptian workers, the report said.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

IRBID:

Princess Basma Hospital ... Greek Catholic Hospital Ibe Al Nafees Hospital.....

Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111

FOR THE TRAVELLER

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USEFUL TELEPHONE.

Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 824328.

AMMAN:	
Dr. Mohammad Al Sawwa	732056
Dr. Mohammad Al Nahawi	810212
Dr. Jamil Maraga	774140
Dr. Mubbles Volum	1/0143
Dr. Mukhles Halasa	819220
Fires pharmacy	661912
Ferdows pharmacy	778336
Al Ascma pharmacy	637055
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MALERGENCIES

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Queen Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-53200

Electric Power

HOSPITALS

AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity. J. Ann ... 644281/6 Akileh Maternity. J. Ann 642441/2 Jabai Amman Maternity 642362 Mathas, J. Amman Palestine, Shmeisani 636140 664171/4 University Hospital 845845 Al-Mussher Hospital The Islamic, Abdali 667227/5 666127/37 777101/3 . 891611/15 Queen Alia Hospital Amal Hospital ZARQA: Zarqa Govt. Hospital Zarqa National Hospital ... Ibn Sina Hospital (09)900560 (09)986732 Al Hikma Modern Hospital

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ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

QUEEN ALIA

INTERNATIONAL

AIRPORT

.. Jakarta, Singapore (RJ) Ohahran (RJ) Cairo, Aqaba (RJ) ... New Delhi (R.) 12:45 14:25 12:30 New York, Amsterdam London, Berlin (R)

Other Filghts (Terminal 2) 11:30 Sanaa (IY)

......Rome (AZ) Muscat, Doha (GF) 14:35 Larnaca (CY) 21:45 Larnaca (CY) 21:45 Paris, Damascus (AF)

DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

Beirut (RI)
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Amsterdam, New York (RI)
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MARKET PRICES

Cairo (MS)

Dubai (EM)

Danascus, Paris (AF)

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Perspectives
Varieties
News in English 22:29 Feature Film: "Nowhere to Hide" **PRAYER TIMES** 05:59 12:39 (Sunrise) Duha
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ereth Church Swelfich Assemblies of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tcl. 624590. Church of the Annuaciation of the Annunciation Tcl. De in Saile Church Tcl. 661757

Bulletin supplied by the Department of 'Ası Normal summer weather will prevail and winds will be northwesterly mod-CHURCHES crate. In Agaba, winds will be norther



YEMENI VICE PRESIDENT ENDS VISIT: HIS Majesty King Hussein and His Royal Highness Crowo Prince Hassan Thursday bid farewell to Yemeni Vice President All Salem Al Beidh who concluded a two-day visit to Jordan. During Mr. Al Beidh's visit he met with His Majesty King Hussein to discuss pan-Arab affairs and Yemeni-Jordanian relations. Developments in the Arab-Israeli peace process were also reviewed at the meeting which

was attended by Chief of the Royal Court Khaled Ai Karaki, other senior court officials, and the Yemeni bassador to Jordan. King Hussein underlined the importance of dialogue between Arab countries and briefed the Yemeni goest on Jordan's democratic process. Mr. Al Beidh agreed with the King's call for inter-Arab dialogue to achieve pan-Arab solidarity (Petra photo)

Crown Prince tells Gulf press Arab action needs revitalisation

By Samir Hiari Special to the Jordan Times

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AMMAN - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Thursday called for reviving the common Arab action mechanism and referred to a suggestion by the Arab League to pursue such action through a regular meeting of whe Arab League Council, scheduled for September.

At a meeting Thursday with representatives of the Gulf press, Prince Hassan dismissed reports of an Arab summit in Morocco. Prince Hassan said, however, that such a summit is urgently needed to discuss an agenda full of concerns and problems. .. The Crown Prince also dismis-

sed reports of an imminent visit by His Majesty King Hussein to Saudi Arabia. Jordan is working diligently to bridge the gap in bilateral Jordanian-Saudi relations not because of contemporaneous positions, but a keen desire to safeguard the future of the joint Saudi-Jordanian identity.

Prince Hassan praised the role of the Arab states of the Gulf and Saudi Arabia, especially in supporting the Arab-Israeli peace process and the Arab countries

involved in it. He called for intensifying Arab coordination to come up with a unified Arab perception of the future of the region.

Prince Hassan also called for inter-Jordanian press meeting and another Jordanian-Arab press meeting .o discuss the Gulf

The Crown Prince stressed the importance of inter-Arab coordination and cooperation in serving Arab issues and interests, and noted that 80 per cent of the refugees in the world are Mus-



He also underlined the importance of utilising past successful bilateral experiences.

On the peace process, Prince Hassen said features of the present phase of the peace process are not yet clear as there is a difference over several issues, including the early delegation of authority and the transitional Palestinian rule.

Regarding the proposed confederation between Jordan and Palestine. Prioce Hassan said it is difficult to talk about confederation or federation before securing self-determination for Palestinians. But that does not stop Jordan from looking for formats on the issue, because the Kingdom continues to support the

Palestinians in securing their right to self-determination, be said. Prince Hassan noted that the

security and cooperation basket should include other issues such as water, environment, energy and immigration.

the Crown On Jerusalem . Prince said he has already prepared a special study-based on three elements: spiritual and religious; political sovereignty; and administrative. The first element provides for freedom of movement and performance of religious rites and holding inter-faith dialogues; and the second element stresses that Greater Jerusalem is part of the Arab territories occupied since 1967, and that Palestinians should exercise their right to self-determination.

Food production to get boost from Japan

AMMAN (Petra) — The lack of sufficient agricultural equipment is the main reason for the low rate of cereal production in Jordan, a problem that Japan will hopefully help solve, according to a statement released Friday by Agriculare Minister Marwan Kamal.

A visiting Japanese team bas

been studying ways to belp Jordan implement a project for increasing food production; the project will be financed by the Japanese government.

At a meeting Thursday, Dr. Kamal presented an outline of

the project to the Japanese team and described the mioistry's policies for increasing production of cereals and potatoes and its drive to reclaim arable land.

The lack of proper agricultural roads and materials like fertilisers and pesticides make the increase of cereal production impossible.

Some of the machinery and equipment needed include harvesters to reap lenots and chiek peas, of process which today is being done manually, he

Ministry sources said the Japanese technical team, which started a visit to Amman on Aug. 17, is currently collecting in-formation and statistics, visiting several agricultural areas in the Jordan Valley, Irbid and Madaba and collecting data on means of boosting potatoes and cereal pro-

Sources said that the meetings will continue on a daily basis before they sign minutes on Aug. 26 summing up their deliberations and preparing for the imple-mentation of the project.

duction in Jordan.

Majali highlights some results of Gulf crisis

AMMAN (J.T.) - His Majesty King Hussein has taken the decisive decision to change the parliamentary Election Law after giving those concerned the chance to express their views on the issue, Prime Minister Abdul Salam At Majali said.

In a lecture delivered at the Regency Hotel Wednesday to the American Universities Alumni Club, Dr. Majali said the issue has consumed a great deal of effort and time and thousands of papers before it was settled by the

King.
After being familiarised with the various views, it became apparent that the democratisation process needs more than one amendment before Jordan can reach the aspired stage of maturity, he said.

"Now that the issue has been settled, true citizenship requires from us, out of our rights and duoes, to participate in the election, either as candidates or voters, with our utmost awareness.

wisdom and integrity," the prime minister added. Dr. Majali said in his lecture, which focused on current issues, education and investment in human resources, that democracy

was not a theoretical and philosuphical model, but a practice a building established nn snlid ground, strong basis, with its bricks placed one by one, in accordance with a flexible plan that takes into consideration the real situation without doing injustice to the basic aspects.

Jordan, he said, was destined to face more changes.

To remind you, the geography and demography of Jurdan have changed several times since it was established in 1921, and with every change we had to re-arrange our plans, re-adjust our march and review our priorities to be able to face emergencies and developments." the Premier said,

He added that Jordan now stands on the threshold of sizeable changes, reminding the audience of the changes brought about by the new world order and the sudden collapse of a super power uoder immense internal and external pressures.

When this took place, be commented. Jordan watched the Arab World turn into an early scapegoat for this new world order. The Kiogdom has always stood for noifying the ranks of the Arab nation and overcoming dis putes, but its calls were lost in the midst of the turmoil and the events took their turn and Jordan found itself moving against the current on its own, Dr. Majali

"Nevertheless, we managed, in spite of the economic crisis facing us, to stand the big challenge, thanks to the cohesion between the leadership and the people and vice versa, and thanks to the people's confidence in God and themselves and to the awareness, the education and culture of

our society," he said. The new world order, said Dr. Majali, has placed a serious challenge before the Arab order, and the Arab League Charter was unable to rise to the level of these challenges, and many of the Arab League's weaknesses were revealed by the developments witnessed in the Arab and world

arenas. Nevertheless, Dr. Majali said the Gulf crisis provided an opportunity to rebuild an Arab order on a new basis

Majali pledges to address RJ problems; privatisation study contract finalised

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali has affirmed that the government is determined to resolve the problems facing the national carrier, Royal Jordanian (RJ), and instructed the airline and the concerned ministries to launch a close dialogue on the proposed privatisation of the airline, sources said Friday.

Dr. Majali, accompanied by

the ministers of Finance, Planning, Energy and Mineral Resources as well as the ehairman of the Central Bank of Jordan (CBI), held an intense round of talks with senior RJ officials headed by President and Chief Executive Officer Mahmoud Balqez Thursday and expressed his desire and determination "to resolve the aitline's problems once and for all,

The pledge, however, did nor mean that the government would step in with funds to address the airline's chronic debt problem, but that privatisation moves would be accelerated, said the source,

said a senior source.

who spoke on condition of anonymity.

"A review of the RJ operations during 1992 and the first half of 1993 was conducted and this proved the operational viability of the airline," said the source. "But the picture changes when one considers

the debt problem."
"Dr. Majali reaffirmed that the government felt that the problem has been lingering for too long, and that the best way to solve the problems of the airline is privarisation and ordered a close dialogue between the concerned ministries and RJ." said the source.

The discussions, which will focus on the various aspects that come into play in the context of privatisation and the present affairs of the airline, will be followed by another high-level encounter of the nature held Thursday, the source

Officials estimate the debt of the airline at around JD 250 million. Half of it is owed to government corporations and agencies in Jordan such as the Jordan Petroleum Refinery Company, the Housing bank and the Social Security Corporation, and the rest is owed abroad.

The source noted that Thursday's meeting marked the first time that the government had displayed such a high level of seriousness and resolve to tackle the problem facing the airline.

As evidenced by the performance of RJ in the past years, the airline could make operational profits despite the global recession affecting air travel, but slips beavily into the red when it comes to servicing its debts, accumulated since the 80s.

Officials and airline industry sources say that privatisation is the best means to address the airline's problem. The idea was first floated several years ago, but no concrete moves were taken to pursue it.

As is usual in naonnal priva-. tisation drives, the proposal for RJ has also drawn opposition from within the airline. Several senior officials say they believe that if the airline is helped through its debt crisis, they could put it back on its feet without external support and

The main hurdle in such a course of events is the government's inability to pump in any

huge amount into the airline. Raising the capital of the airline to at least \$100 million from the present JD 22 million (\$33 million) as well as privatisation were recommended by a study conducted by an inter-

national firm last year. Other sources said meanwhile that a government commirree had chosen an international consulong company to conduct a complete assessment of options available for privatisation and come up with the best mechanism to implement

No further details were available, and the sources declined to name the company which was to be awarded the study among four international firms which were shortlisted after they submitted their offers. Officials said earlier the contract could be worth anywhere between \$250,000 tn \$500,000 "depending on the nature of the work that will be entrusted and the extent of consultancy

Japan names 3 areas of contribution to Jordan

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Japan, an active participant in the multilateral phase of the Middle East peace process, has identified water desalination, tourism and the Red Sea environment as three distinct areas of contribution to Jordan within a regional context, the Japanese ambassador to Jordan said Friday.

Ambassador Yuji Ikeda said Japanese experts had paid several visits to Jardan to follow up on the implementation of programmes related to the three spheres.

Mr. Ikeda said two sites bad been identified as possible siting of pilot projects for water desalination - one in the Jordan Valley and the other near the Dead Sea - but specifie details such as cost and other parameters had still to be worked out.

Addressing the water needs of the region's countries and work-

ing out practical programmes acceptable to all the concerned parties is seen as one of the key elements that would guarantee any peace settlement reached in the bilateral track of negotiations involving Israel, Jordan, the

Palestinians, Syria and Lebanon. Syria and Lebanon are staying away from the multilateral negotiations saying it would be a wasted effort until progress is made on the bilateral track, which tackles the core issues of the Arab-Israeli cooflict.

In addition to water, the reginnal talks, spread among five working groups, include regional economie cooperation, arms contrnl, refugees and the environ-

"Japan is concentrating on developing tourism in Jordan in the context of regional economic cooperation," said ambassador Ikeda, limiting his comments on the Japanese role in the peace process to Jordan.

The Japanese assistance to Jordan in tourism will mainly focus on developing tourism sites as well as infrastructure to sustain and upgrade the level of tourism services in Jordan.

Japan, which chairs the multilateral working committee on the environment, has found that the preparedness of Jordan, Egypt and Israel to cope with any "environmental emergency" on the Red Sea was below the desired level, Mr. Ikeda told the Jordan

"It is very important that every country be prepared to cope with an imaginary emergency such as water pollution in the Red Sea," said the ambassador,

The Japanese contribution in this regard will be in helping Jordan to upgrade its handling of

solid waste at Aqaba, be said. The recent flurry of Japanese diplomarie activities in the Mid-

visits to the region by two senior

officials from the foreign ministry was mainly aimed at familiarising key Japanese diplomats with the perspectives and viewpoints of the concerned countries, ambassador Ikeda said.

He noted that Toshimori Shigie, bead of the Middle East and Africa department at the Tokyo foreign ministry, who visited Jordan two weeks ago had assumed his post recently.

Akio Tanaka, director of the

first division of the Middle East and Africa department at the Tokyo foreign ministry, visited Jordan immediately after Mr.

Shigie's departure. Mr. Tanaka bas been in the post for over one year, Ambassador Ikeda said.

Both officials handle multilateral and bilateral relations at different levels.

During the visits, the officials also discussed Jordaniandie East as represented in the. Japanese relations in general terms, the ambassador said.



Nurses to train in U.S. in cancer patient care

AMMAN (Petra) - A group of 19 male and female nurses will ravel to Washington D.C. on Fuesday to start a specialised post-graduate training course at Georgetown University on caring for cancer patients.

The announcement was made here Thursday by Abdullah Al Khatib, rapporteur of a national team charged with setting up Al Amal Cancer Centre near the University of Jordan. Dr. Khatib expressed graotude

for the efforts of Sawsan Majali. who holds a Ph.D. in nursing and is a member of the national team. Dr. Majali worked with the Georgetown University administration in preparing for the programme that will train the nurses for a masters degree in cancer patient care.

At a meeting to report on the progress of Al Amal Centre, Dr. Khatib said that Munir Buweis, a Palestiniao expatriate doctor living in the U.S. has expressed readiness to contribute to the creation of a paediatric ward caring for children with cancer.

The national team was repre-Sented at European conference on aid to hospitals and medical services, held in Amsterdam last June, said Dr. Khatib.

The team has submitted a request for \$7 million in aid for the cancer centre from the Dutch government, which is now studying the request, he said.

Meanwhile he added purchases of equipment for the centre will be made from the Netherlands as well as other European nations. The team, which had discussed

in detail a proposal by the former Lower House of Parliament that would tax materials or organisations found to cause cancer in Jordan, has submitted a request to this effect to the Prime Minister, announced Dr. Khatib.

While work continues to finalise the purchase of equipment and complete the cancer centre project, noted Dr. Khatib, the financial committee bas reported the collection of JD 7,750,835 so far to finance the centre's construction, equipment and opera-

He said the national team expected to earn JD 360,000 from the sale of 15 plots of land, and JD 24,000 from the sale of 19 vehicles and gold jewellery and other in-kind contributions worth nearly JD 80,000.

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Atabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

* Exhibition of oil paintings by Iraqi artists Nashaat and Shawkat Al Alousi at Alia Art Gallery; includes 30 paintings depicting popular life and national scenery in Iraq, as well as

Exhibition of paintings by Jordanian artist Bishara Najjar at Eshbelia Art Gallery, Amra Shopping Centre. The paintings depict Jordanian-Palestinian heritage, Jordanian antiquities, Arab Jerusalem, rural life and natural scenery.

& Exhibition of a new collection of art works by Princess Wijdan All at The Gallery, Hotel Jordan Inter. Continental.

& Exhibition of paintings by 25 Jordanian artists at the Royal Cultural Centre. & Exhibition by Iraqi artists Mohammad Husseln Judi and

Shawkat Al Alousi at the Royal Cultural Centre.

JERUSALEM FESTIVAL # Exhibition of paintings, posters, Palestinian costumes, books and other items on the Holy City of Jerusalem at the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation.

☆ Exhibition of books on various subjects at Ai Hashimleh Plaza, downtown Amman. ☆ Concert by Lebanese singer Julia Boutros at the Roman

Amphibeaire, downtown Amman, at 8 p.m. A Lecture, in Arabic, by Lebanese singer Julia Boutros on the goals of the artistic movement at 6:30 p.m. at the Abdul Hameed Shomao Foundation.

وربن تابيز بيبة عربية سياسية مستقلة تصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية

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Education and democracy

TODAY MARKS the beginning of the new scholastic year for the primary and secondary levels of education. This new start in the process of education in Jordan provides yet another opportunity to assess the relationship between a proper education system and the process of democratisation. Lately, there has been a great deal of debate and deliberations on the principle of one-person, one-vote formula, as if the perfection of the existing legislation governing elections in the country were all that it takes to put the Jordanian experiment in democracy on the right track. Little or no attention has been given to other facets of public life, including the kind of education that still nurtures our younger generation and the future voters in the Kingdom and moulds their thinking.

The commencement of this school year should therefore be yet another reminder that more relevant than amending current laws with a view to making elections more democratic is how Jordanian citizens are being prepared for the big day when they cast their votes intelligently and effectively. There is no better way to channel the attention of the nation towards education and its dynamic role in the new democratic style of government than by engaging our educators in a thorough dialogue at the highest possible level too.

When His Majesty King Hussein takes members of the mass media to task on the future development of democracy in Jordan, as he in fact did on Thursday, education-minded people have a right to suggest that an equal opportunity be anorued to jordanian educators at every level of education in order to further extend the multidimensional approach to democracy. Given the fact that there is a growing consensus that our present educational system leaves much to be desired, one wonders why our interest in fostering a more progressive educational system appears to be slackening, especially when our concerns about democracy cannot be complete without paying due attention to our schools and institutions of

Jordanians should be expected to learn the ABC of democracy in schools. That is why other nations in the world with strong roots in democracy have introduced civil training even in elementary education. Even more critical than formal education is the introduction of a democratic style of education at the earliest possible class level. In this context, higher education is just as neglected as pre-university education. This means that teachers and professors need to be targetted not in terms of policing them but rather in terms of redirecting their orientation and perspective in order to better suit the new Jordanian democracy.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

ONE CAN say that the countdown to the parliamentary elections has already started and those who were awaiting a decision concerning the Election Law can now embark on their programmes, preparing for the election, said Al Ra'i daily. The paper said the coming elections are bound to be fair and free as a voter can only choose one candidate, a process which is deemed fair for all constituencies. The hopefull candidates are expected to show enthusiasm in their election campaign and the people of Jordan are expected to turn out in great numbers to cast ballot, predicted the paper. This is rather expected, said the paper, since the registration process witnessed great keenness on the part of the people to participate in this democratic practice which indicates that all voters are keen on making the Jordanian democratic march a real success. But success, said the paper, requires efforts on the part of all parties — voters and candidates — and there is need for voters to carefully study the situation before choosing the people who could best represent the public interest. Indeed; added the paper, the success of the coming elections will not be a success for the candidates who win the seats in Parliament, but a success for the Jordanian people and their democracy.

A CC! JMNIST in Al Dustour daily focused attention on King Husseir's call on the Jordanian people to prepared themselves for two great projects: democracy in their country and the attainment of the objectives of the Great Arab Revolt. Saleh Qallab said that by enhancing the democratic principles in Jordan we are setting a good example for other Arab states which have suffered a great deal, last by due to the lack of democratic rule. The writer said that there can be no real Arab unity without democracy and without every Arab feeling that he or she has real interests in that unity. He id the Arab World had witnessed bitter experiences in its attemn to forge unity and all these attempts for unity had failed simp y due to lack of democratic rule. The Arabs at present are divided and their domestic affairs are in total disarray and this situation c ; for a real new Arab revolution, a revolution designed to build and not to destroy, said the writer. He said that for such a revolution to succeed and achieve the aspired unity, with mater in tel that may democracy as without it the revolution w to tail because it would be a military dictatorship.

Jordanian Perspective

By Dr. Musa Keilani

Teething troubles of democracy

THE SCENARIO that unfolded on the Jordanian political arena in the wake of the realisation that the much-heralded one-person, one-vote system is bere to stay is very interesting. Not that the realisation was stunning, since the writing was on the wall since early 1990. But the timing of the formalisation of the move and the developments that preceded and succeeded it and continue to manifest themselves are the factors that could do with a closer

The first and foremost question that appears to hang in the air is: Will the Nov. 8 elections be boycotted by some of the groups which have threatened to do so if the 1986 Election Law were amended outside Parliament?

And, obviously, the follow-up question is: If indeed there is to be a boycott, how is it going to affect the democratic process under way in Jordan?

In my reading, one does not have to look too far around for the answers since they are already here.

It is highly unlikely that any political group will boycott the elections. Of course, it cannot be ruled ont that some of the parties whose ranks include well-known names and ex-deputies might do it just for the beck of it. It will be a political message as well as a witting or unwitting effort to raise question marks on the legitimacy of the polls in the international eye. But, in practical terms, the voter would still find the same candidates who might bave run on the party ticket going "independent" and very much in the race, come the day when nomination closes.

Those who might drop ont between now and the closing of the nomination period would be doing so for their own reasons which bave less to do with a principled, political stand against what the opposition describes as an unconstitutional move by the government than with personal convictions that they stand little chance of making it to the legislature if it were left to the voters exercising their valuable single vote.

The simple reason for the conviction that there will not be any boycott worth the name in November is the clear indications on the political scene that it has sunk in among Jordanian poblical circles that those who opt to stay out will stay out and it would be no one's loss but their own.

Again, if there is not going to be any boycott, then the follow-up question does not arise at all.

In the meantime, all the brouhaha that we bear — of condemnations, criticism and loud protestations and threats of legal action — is the workings of a society trying to adapt itself to the trimmings of democracy as well as the strings attached to the system of "of people, for the people, and by the people" in the Third World.

That does not mean that issue is settled and sealed, or the politicians who are crying foul will call it a day and turn their energies into electioneering. On the contrary, there are enough politically skilled individuals in our society who appreciate the

It might even suit many aspirants to the domed parliament house to spend some of their election funds on lawsuits rather than on advertisements, posters and banners. It is not the sole prerogative of ex-members of Parliament to go to court and challenge the legality of the amendment to the law. After all, isn't

who have already staked a claim to a seat to free publicity will

There could be bundreds of arguments and counter-arguments of the timing and the constitutionality of the electoral change, and whether a one-person, one-vote formula on its own is compatible with the givens of the Jordanian electorate, tribal affiliations and minority reservations and political considerations. But it has to be understood that Jordan had to start somewhere in amending its electoral process, and the amendment to the Election Law could be that first start and the amendment to the Election Law could

However, that does not negate the fact that the switch bas upset many a political quarters in Jordan and that by and large they

who had made it to Parliament under the benefits of the bloc-voting system in 1989 feel cheated out of victory in the Nov. g, 1993 elections since the voting system bas changed.

little to do with indignation or pains over what is described as circumvention of constitutional provisions. They are worried about their reelection chances under the new system, particularly that many of them are aware that they did not exactly do an acceptable job of addressing the interests of their constituents in the four years they served in Parliament.

Exceptions are there of course. But then, those who can claim

An Israeli link to bomb plots? -

By Jane Hunter

Sacramento Ca. - Reports a allegations that intelligence agencies infiltrated the social circles of

tions to carry out kidnappings.

to blow up major structures in

The passports were allegedly to be used in springing Sayid Nosair sination of Meir Kahane.

cousin. He was arrested in March when officials, searching for evidence in the trade centre case, assports, prosecutors indicted Khartoum. him in the case of 11 men arrested on June 24 and the days following on charges of plotting to blow up which appear to be deliberate the U.N., the building housing leaks blessed by the Israeli centhe FBI's New York headquar- sor, baffled several experts. Israel ters and two tunnels connecting might just be grandstanding Manhattan and New Jersey.

The minute I made this organised and financed the bomb plots of which they are accused.

Lurid accounts in major U.S. newspapers have depicted the Nicaraguan source of the passports as a transnational centre of leftist terrorism. Mr. Salem's possible access to the facility sug-gets that it may have been infiltrated (perhaps even manipulated), if not by the FBI, which controlled the former Egyptian army colonel's infiltration of the circle of followers of Sheikh Omar Abdul Rahman, then by any one of a number of other intelligence agencies.

Last week, in a first-ever interview. Mr. Nosair claimed that Mr. Salem. who visited him in prison, told him he was involved with the CIA. Mr. Salem said he had access to the message centre at the U.S. embassy in Cairo and described a secret cryptography room in the building. Mr. Nosair recounted. He also said that "Emad said the CIA told him the KGB was behind the Kahane killing because to many Russian Jews were coming to the U.S... Mr. Nosair said. He also alleged that Mr. Salem, a former body-guard for President Sadat, had once worked for Soviet intelli-

Meanwhile, Kol Ha'ir, the Israeli weekly, reported that Ahmad Ajaj, a Palestinian awaiting trial in the World Trade Centre case, was a Mossad mole. The paper says that Mossad turned dollars. The New York weekly Village Voice. which repeated Kol Hair's report, said that, while Mr. Ajaj claims to have been arrested for intifada activ-

A Mossad mole? Mr. Ajaj travelled to Pesha-Arab immigrants charged in the war. Pakistan and fought with the bombing of the World Trade Mujahedeen in Afghanistan be-

Centre and an alleged conspiracy fore arriving in New York last September on the same plane as New York City continue to pile Ramzi Abmad Yousef, also charged in the trade centre case; If defendant Ibrahim Gabrouni last month the U.S. offered a \$2m: is telling the truth, Emad Salem. reward for information on Mr. a paid informant for the FBI. Yousef's whereabouts. Immigraobtained forged Nicaraguan pass- tion authorities arrested Mr. Ajaj ports from an arms and docu- when he presented a phony passmentation depot in Managua port; they freed him on probation that, authorities say, was used by pending appeal of a refugee claim?

Latin American leftist organisaon March 1, two days after the bombing, then jailed him again a week later. He was not charged with the bombing until May 6.

from the New York prison where The indictment notes that he he is serving a sentence on brought bomb-making manuals charges linked to the 1990 assas- into the country. If Mr. Ajaj was still working for Mossad, says the Voice, it must be wondered Mr. Gabrouni is Mr. Nosair's whether the Israeli agency had advance warning of the attack.

Another Israeli report, in found the passports. Mr. Gab- Hadashot claims that Israeli inrouni was to be tried on Aug. 2 telbgence services had warned for possession of forged docu- U.S. officials that Sudan had ments and a sboving match dur-ing the search. But fast injonth. The in New York and was back-after he claimed Mr. Salem had ing "terror, squads" there. The asked him for photos of the Israelis passed on the information Nosair family and his attorney 'in March 1993, the paper said. William Kunstler subpoenaed following a Feb. 19 meeting of Mr. Salem to testify about the leaders of the "terror front" in

> The purpose of the reports, trying to insert elements of confusion into what has already be-

claim." Mr. Kunstler told Middle come a veritable snarl, suggested East International (MEI), pro- one expert. Earlier reports of secutors "pulled him into the Israeli infiltration have been spegreat conspiracy case ... so they culatively attributed to a desire to can keep Salem on the stand in inflame U.S. opinion against one case, not two. I knew I was radical Islamists. The allegations on the right track when that about Sudan came at the same time that a pro-Israeli magazine in the "great" case — they are mostly of Sudanese origin — Sudanese diplomats at the U.N. Sudanese diplomats at the U.N. claim that Mr. Salem instigated, were linked to the alleged second plot. Both are still at their posts.

> Whether intended or not, the reports cannot but increase the pressure on the men facing trial. who are already coping with purported confessions purveyed by prison informants and rumous that one of their number bas cut a deal with the prosecution. The authorities, said William Kunstler, may be trying to create a "stampede effect". Robert Precht, the attorney for Mohammad Salameh, who goes on trial in the trade centre case next month, said he badn't heard of any defendant going over to the prosecution. They certainly haven't made Salameh an offer and if they did. Salameh would reject it because he's ready to go to trial. He wants to vindicate his name." Mr. Precht told MEI.

The defendants must also worry about the effect on potential jurors of what Mr. Precht terms "anti-Islamic hysteria" churned out in press coverage of the cases.

Last week U.S. District Judge Michael Mukasey, who is to try the second case, warned prosecutors to stop their leaks to the press — these have recently included such extravagances as reports that the defendants dealt in Pakistani opium - or he will query law enforcement officials under oath to find the leakers.

Meanwhile, administration efforts to put to rest charges that the CIA secretly sponsored Sheikh Abdul Rahman smultiple. Mr. Ajaj while he was serving 30 months for counterfeiting U.S. had dubious success at best Officials have yet to deny a New York Times report that it was the CIA working under diplomatic cover in U.S. embassies that issued the ism. tortured and then in April which he applied. The sheikh is deported to Jordan, the now in detention facing a de-Palestine Human Rights Centre in East Jerusalem says his name is on no known list of deportees.

now in detention facing a upportation order and an extrade tion request from Egypt — Mide die East International.

aura of free publicity that would accompany a formalised legal challenge to the amendment to the Election Law.

it how democracy-based politics works in many countries.?

What will be interesting to see here will he how many would try
to get aboard the legal challenge bandwagon and whether those allow others to climb np.

be that first step in this direction.

might even have a legitimate reason to get upset.

The backdrop to the discontent is simple and clear: ex-deputies

Other opposition to the changes to the Election Law has very

to be those exceptions have nothing to worry about. For them, Amman, Irbid, Zarqa, Maan, Karak or Aqaba means the same since they enjoy popularity throughout the Kingdom and in every constituency they have enough supporters to see them through

In any event, from my vantage point, what I see on the Jordanian political scene are the teething troubles of a democracy, and one does not have to lose any real sleep worrying over what is the fate of democracy in Jordan. Quite simply, the tug-of-war and wrestling that we see today is part of the democracy we all aspire for.

THE WEEK IN PRINT

Amendment to Election Law—response to political developments in the country

Reviewed by Elia Nasrallah

The local press in the past week gave prominence to His Majesty King Hussein's meet-ing with the press and the change introduced to the Election Law, other domestic affairs and the general situation in the Middle East region.

In his meeting with the jour-nalists at the Royal Court, the King stressed that the amendment to the Election Law was directed against no particular group, but came in response to present needs in light of the recent political developments in the country, said Al Dustour

It was clear, said the paper, that the King is mainly concerned with the success of the democratic march and the success of the coming parliamen-tary elections which, he stres-sed, should he fair and free.

As always, the King has been frank and open in his talks with the Jordanian press, commenting on the recent amendment to the Election Law and underlining the need for all people to participate in the coming election, said Al

Stressing that the change in the law followed a wide-range dialogue, the King said be was keen on giving people equal rights to ensure free and fair elections and enbance the democratic process, said the

By amending the Election Law, the King has plugged a constitutional loopbole that plagued the existing law and has opened the way for equal opportunities for all voters, said Salameh Ekour, a columnist in Sawt Al Shaab.

The writer said that the amendment would undoubtedly contribute to a large extent towards helping the Jordanian citizens bring to Parliament the right persons to represent them in the coming four years.

A columnist in Sawt Al Shaab called on political par-ties to coordinate their steps and pool their efforts if they want to be represented in the coming Parliament.

The one-person, one-vote system is bound to weaken these parties' chance of reaching Parliament and, therefore, they have no alternative to merging or coordinating their plans and focusing attention on a selected number of persons of their choice, said Ahmad Dabbas.

A columnist in Al Dustour said that the amendment to the Election Law should have also included provisions ensuring the secrecy of the vote by the illiterate Jordanians. Taher Udwan s2id that an

illiterate person would of

course need the help of one of

the committee in charge of the balloting centre who would either read aloud the person's choice or could fake it.

The writer suggested issuing voter cards with special signs or photos clearly indicating the candidates so that the illiterate people mark the picture or the sign and so ensure the secrecy of balloting.

The writer also suggested that the government interfere and put an end to practices by some rich candidates who normally resort to "bribing" with food, money to other means of tempting the voters to support them in the election.

Abdnl Rahim Omar, a columnist in Al Ra'i, urged members of the public to turn out in strength at the coming elec-tions which, he said, would be more fair than those of 1989.

Amendment to the Election Law was directed against no particular group, but came in response to present needs in light of the recent political developments in the

The writer said that the oneperson, one-vote system is considered fair because under the previous system people in some constituencies were given a choice of six persons while in others they were given only two. He said the Jordanians are called on to enhance the process of democracy by participating in the coming parliamentary elections.

This view was countered by Mona Shqair, a columnist in Al Dustour, who said that the government was committing a grave blunder by introducing the amendment to the Election

The writer said that it is wrong to introduce amendments to such a sensitive law without first conducting a comprehensive national dialogue.

She said that elements opposed to the Jordanian democracy are monitoring the developments and they would capitalise on this step as an antidemocratic move that benefits the regime alone.

A columnist in Al Ra'i said that the women in the Jorda-

nian society can be classified into two groups: The majority of working women or house-wives who are really close to women problems, and a group of rich women who do not realise any of the sufferings of the first group.

Laila Humond said that women voters should choose their women representatives in Parliament from among the first group and should be careful in their choice.

If they cannot do that, they should leave the matters to men to represent women and defend their causes, she demanded.

She said that it is natural for women not to agree on matters which are sometimes of common interest to them, but in this case they ought to pool their efforts and choose the right women if they are keen on protecting their own in-

Saich Al Qallab, a columnist in Al Dustour, criticised a system adopted by the Jordanian universities in which they have what they call "exception" lists of students who are given seats in various faculties without being subjected to the normal procedure of "preference for the average."

The writer said that many young men and women are frustrated every year as they watch others with lower grades allowed to enroll while they are rejected.

The writer said that the state universities would be doing a grave injustice to a large sector of young men and women and depriving them of a better future should they persist in such

A columnist in Al Dustour called on the concerned authorities to give due attention to promoting public services in the capital, Amman, in the For at least two months in

the summer, Amman is overcrowded with people: expatri-ates returning for holidays or students coming for visits or to enroll at the colleges. Khairi Mansour said that the

presence of throngs of additional people in the capital tends to give it a new and busy life, but the capital is badly in need of recreational and other services to cope with this buge number of people and especially for the children.

A guest columnist in Al Dustour said that delay for more than two years in completing the Amman-Jerash-Irbid road has cost the country huge

Abdul Raouf Tell said that the delay has forced travellers to follow other routes to reach their destinations, causing them more exhaustion and

wasting their time and money. The writer said that despite the announcements on the part of the Ministry of Public Works that the otherwise project was nearing completion, the facts on the ground speak otherwise. .Keleffing to the s

dle East peace process, Mahmoud Rimawi, a col-umnist in Al Ra'i, said that the Israelis have succeeded, of course with American help and backing, to render the Arab-Israeli negotiations meaning-less, though the whole peace process was based on the U.N. resolutions.

The writer said that the coming round of talks is bound to end in failure, like the previous rounds, since Israel is still pursuing its aggression and since Washington has not changed its attitude.

Referring to the upcoming Arab coordination meeting in Beirut, in preparation for the next round of Arab-Israeli negotiations, Al Dustour daily said that the meeting should see to it that the Arab countries are in agreement regarding a united stand to be taken

at the coming meeting.

The Beirut parley could be decisive since it comes after a tour of the region by U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher who bas held consultations with the Arab ministers taking part in the coordination meeting, said the pap-

Projecting a pessimistic mood, Taher Al Udwan, a columnist in Al Dustour, said that the coming round of Arab-Israeli talks would not meet a better fate than any of the previous rounds. The various Arab parties in Vivian the negotiations are linking the progress of the negotiations to progress that should be achieved in the Israeli-Palestinian track, he said. The writer said that as long as there is no progress on this track, due to Israel's intransigent stand, nothing can be achieved in the coming round.

Mahmoud Rimawi, a col-

umnist in Al Ra'i, said that while arranging for the Arabs and the Israelis to hold more rounds of peace talks, the United States continues to plant mines in the path of peace by providing the means with which to belp the Israelis build thousands of housing units for immigrants, especially in the

The writer said that the Jewish settlement programmes are continuing unabated and are backed by the United States, which is sponsoring the peace talks which supposedly are intended to end Israel's occupation of Arab land.



The saviour falls from grace

By Shyam Bhatia

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM On the day the Palestinian troika of Faisal Husseini, Hanao Ashrawi and Saeb Erakat threw down the gauntlet to Yasser Arafat, the popular West Bank magazine Al Bayader Al Siyassi shocked its readers with a 180-degree change in its editorial line.

Until six months ago the magazine, financed by the PLO and popularly referred to as "Arafat's poodle," regularly printed the Palestinian leader's pictures on its front page along with stories praising bim as the saviour of the nation. No longer.

Palestinians are not surprised. The crisis between PLO headquarters io Tunis and Palestinian negotiators in the occupied territories bas been building for months — signs first loomed after Arab Gulf countries abruptly cut off aid to the PLO after the Gulf war. Squeezed by its donors, the PLO, in turn, is squeezing its beneficiaries in the occupied territories, including tens of thousands of families who were supported by monthly grants or

The latest issue of Al Bayader was published after a six-month suspension due to lack of funds. It attacks Mr. Arafat, his organisation and policies that have brought disaster" to the Palestinians. One article even blames the PLO for "fatal mistakes" that bave caused the deaths of thousands of Palestinian refugees in oeighbouring Jordan and Lebanon. It goes oo to argue that the financial crisis of the PLO is the result of Mr. Arafat's hasty decisioo to side with Saddam Husseio in the Gulf war.

Another article calls for an end to "dictatorship and totalitarianism" in the PLO.

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"It's time to stop lytog," says the author, a well-known Palestinian academie from Arab East Jerusalem. The PLO-appointed bead of the Palestinian delegation to the peace talks, Dr. Haidar Abdul Shafi, also calls for demo--cratic reforms and an end to Mr. Arafat's one-man rule.

The reasons for the U-turn become very clear in the inside-pages, where the editor is depicted with Mr. Arafat's enemies in Damascus, including Vice-President Abdul Halim Khaddam. The magazine editor, Jack Khazmo; has for a decade echoed the PLO's anti-Syrian views. Now he praises Syrian President Hatez Al Assad's "wise leadership," and

bis defence of Arab rights. Earlier this year Mr. Arafat cut off all financial belp to dozens of PLO-funded institutions, such as universities, newspapers and even bealth centres. The most recent casualty was the PLO's 20-year-old daily newspaper Al

One of the newspaper's embittered editors, who still has a portrait of Mr. Arafat hanging

above his empty desk, said: This is how Arafat compensates people who faithfully served him for 20 years. We have wasted our time and risked our lives to proteet this man. Now look what he has done to us; 60 families have been thrown to the dogs."

Last week the managing editor. Ali Khalili, a prominent Palestinian poet and writer, suffered a massive heart attack after losing his job. He told well-wishers who called on him at Al Makassed bospital on the Mount of Olives that be blamed his illness on the PLO leader. "I haven't been able to find a decent job," he com-plained. "Who will feed my children? Perhaps it is time for me to seek a job with the Israeli

Some of his colleagues have had to accept fundamental pro-fessional changes. One, who has a master's degree from an Italian university, is selling ice cream on the streets of Nablus, the largest city in the West Bank. Another has hired himself out as a labour-er on a construction site in Tel

"Today I make 300 dinars a month (about £270) from working in ao Israeli factory," explain Ghazi Bani Odeh, "When I was a journalist, I was making 50 dinars. This change means I can start to live with dignity. I have realised you can no longer rely on the PLO, because now it is both financially and politically bank-

The financial crisis is one of the reasons why members of the Palestinian delgation are furious with Mr. Arafat. Some of them have been obliged to give up a luxurious lifestyle that used to be paid for by the PLO. Among the accessories they have surrendered are private secretaries, chauffeurs and sleek, rented cars. One Jerusalem car rental company is still owed \$20,000 (£14,000), which it has lost all bope of recovering. Saeb Erakat, one of the delegates, says telephone, electricity and water bills for Orient House, the delegation's East Jerusalem headquarters, have not been paid for three

The cash shortage coincides with the absence of progress in the 21-month-old Middle East peace talks. Both events contri-bute to a growing sense of de-speration, even anger, that is directed against the delegates.

Stories of corruption have been circulating ever since the PLO was founded in 1964. Critics say the tens of millions of dollars have been pocketed by greedy local PLO representatives. This is a reference to the Amwal Sumud or "Money for Steadfastness", that is meant to help Palestinian families living under occupation. Such accusations are rarely extended beyond street gossip, because it would be difficult to subtantiate them.

Yet there was never any doubt that money was an essential tool



asser Arafat money was an essential tool in the chairman's strategy of sustaining popular support

taining popular support. Less than two months ago he personaly authorised the expenditure of \$130,000 to win control of the Studeot Council in the West Bank university of Hebron, which had until then been uoder control of his fundamentalist rivals, the Islamic Hamas move-

The university was shut down after Mr. Arafat's supporters burn the university president's car and beat up Hamas loyalists. When the university reopened in time for the elections, it was revealed that outsiders masquerading as students had been drafted and paid to vote for the pro-PLO list.

Two years ago a New York-based Palestinian publisher, Paul Ajlooni, decided to break the aboo of never washing the PLO's dirty linen in public. In a series of front-page articles in the now defunct Al Fajr, he revealed details of opulent meals, first-class air travel and luxury villas that had become a way of life for the PLO's favourite sons living in Western Europe and the U.S. The decision to allow the articles to be published was meant to be u demonstration of the PLO's internal democracy, but they appeared only in the Englishlanguage edition, which does not circulate among the masses.

Last week's public dispute, the first of its kind involving local Palestinians challenging Mr. Arafat, erupted because delegates believe their status was being deliberately undermined by PLO headquarters. Unwilling to accept the role of mere messengers, the delegates demand the right to participate in the PLO's

decision-making.

After the U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher's recent visit to the region, the three senior members of the Palestinian delegation packed their suitcases for an unscheduled trip to Tunis. Before leaving, they leaked the news of their intended resignations to a local Arab newspaper, but refused to confirm or deny the story.

"This whole story about the resignations is all nonsense," says university professor Riad Al Mal-

in Mr. Arafat's strategy of sustaining popular support. Less peace talks. "The only victor out of all this has been Arafat. But he has a compoter-like mind and he neither forgives nor forgets. They should ask themselves what has been achieved — certainly no concessions from the Israelis.

"They came back to tell us that they are now part of the PLO, but who cares. My conclusion is that the entire confrontation was staged to boost their popular standing, so that they have a good chance if general elections are held here in the occupied terri-

To sooth the rebellious troika's injured pride, Mr. Arafar has announced that the men are from now on to be members of a top PLO committee that supervises the progress of the peace talks. The links between the delegates and the PLO were always an open secret, But by making them public and official, Mr. Arafat hopes to kill two birds with one

On the one hand, he has subjected the delegates to strict PLO discipline. In return for impro-viog their status, he expects them to be his messengers. At the same time, the PLO leader hopes that by creating new facts on the ground he will accelerate recognition of the PLO by Israel and the United States,

When the peace talks began in Madrid in 1991, it was agreed the PLO would have no formal role. Ever since, Mr. Arafal's goal has been to overturn this polite fiction by repeatedly demonstrating who makes the real decisions for Palestinians.

He has been encouraged by signs that the Israeli government moving towards direct talks with the PLO. When Israeli Environment Minister Yossi Sarid met Mr. Arafat's top adviser, Nabil-Shaath, in Cairo, he had Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin's

The impact of this diplomatic shadow-boxing will be measured the eleventh round of the peace talks that opens later this month in Washington. If the mood of optimism continues to spread, the Middle East may be



Save water every drop counts!

Moldova hopes for a share of world wine market

By Janet Guttsman Reuter

HINCHESTI, Moldova — The shiny new bottling equipment looks somewhat out of place behind the rusting gates of Hinches-

ti's biggest wine-makers. But the machinery, part of a 500,000 barter deal to market Moldovan wine in Europe and the United States, may be just the first step in reviving an almost

stagnant industry.
It could give the former Soviet Republic, sandwiched between Romania and Ukraine, a chance to penetrate new markets with its reds and slightly sparkling dry

"We have stopped the fall in wine production and now we are looking forward to a revival." Gheorghe Cozub, head of viticulture at the Moldovan Agriculture Ministry told Reuters.

"I know there is a glut of wine in the West, but I am sure we can find a niche.

Neatly tended vineyards cover the hills around Hinchesu, an agricultural town 40 kilometres from the Moldovan capital

Kishinyov. Wine plant Director Nicolae Sterbet said his company was delighted with the new equipment, supplied by Australia's penfolds wine group in exchange for prom-ises of 600,000 litres of wine from

the 1992 harvest. "This is only the first may step," he said. "Cooperation is not going to stop here. It will continue and intensify."

Moldova, the second biggest wine producer in the former Soviet Union after largely Mus-lim Azerbaijan, is still trying to overcome the impact of a draconian anti-alcohol campaign launched by former Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev in 1985.

Tens of thousands of hectares of vineyards were ripped up, and it lakes years for replanted vineyards to yield fruit.

Mr. Cozub said Moldova's wine production was currently about 400 million litres a year. down from 600 or 700 million

litres in the pre-Gorbachev years. Vineyards currently cover 170,000 hectares of Moldova, although a government programme aims to increase this to 200,000 hectares by the year

Production is eurrently sold almost exclusively in the former Soviet Union.

Wine costs about 400 Moldovan foubles a bottle (30 cents) in Kishinyov shops. Moldovans drink it like Russians drink vodka, downing an average-sized glass in a single gulp.
"Our exports really were not

big enough to count in the past." we exported 4.5 million bottles through a Dutch firm and this year we will sell another 3.5 million bottles abroad.

"We believe we cao reach 20 or 25 million bottles or three or four per cent of production."

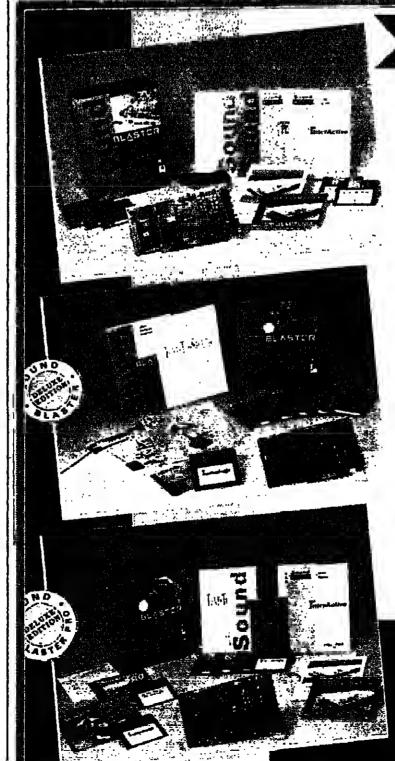
The barter deal with Penfolds will target customers in Britain and other European countries. Penfolds Director Michael Paul said he was optimistie about export prospects for Moldovan

But he cautioned that rapidly rising prices and a tumbling currency — consumer prices rose 269 per cent in the first half of 1993 meant spending plans had to be

revised frequently. Moldova charged 25 roubles for a kilo (2.2 lb) of grapes last year and was talking about charging 250 roubles this year. although the lower rouble means it is hard to compare the two

"Pricing is still the main prob-lem," Mr. Paul said. "If we cannot agree a price for the grapes. then we cannot sell the wine. Obviously we are aware of the cnormous impact Eastern Europe has already had, particularly in Britam, and we also realise Moldova can be a major source of

But he said some investment was still needed to buy more equipment to make Moldovan wine acceptable to western mar-



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U.S. Fed intervention catches dealers long and wrong

LONDON (R) - The yen remained well below its recent highs at a tense European midsession Friday as investors licked their wounds after Thursday's shock intervention by the U.S. Federal Reserve (Fed).

Dealers said many players had been brought to their knees by the central bank's surprise support for the dollar which caught them all "long and wroog." However, the heavy demand for yen seen from Japanese exporters in Tokyo Friday suggested further intervection would be needed to boost the dollar.

"Given the speed with which Tokyo stripped away some of the dollars' gains this morning, the Fed will need to keep its foot on the market's oeck hy interveniog again today," said Howard Archer, head of research at Natwest Bank.

By 1130 GMT the yen was sitting nervously at 105.05 per dollar, up from its 104.45 finish in Tokyo hut below a 106.75 peak and 105.80 close in New York Thursday.

The reversal in the yen's fortunes was all the more dramatic since it had reached 101.00 per dollar just before the Fed interveoed. "The intervention caught the market off guard and gave the dollar the breathing space it oeeded," said Martin Kay, senior dealer at U.S investment bank Lehman Brothers.

"People are not totally convinced the dollar is going higher now but are reluctant to sell it because of the invervention risk,"

The impact of the Fed action was all the greater since it was accompanied by a change in tack by U.S. Treasury Secretary Lawrence Summers, who declared the U.S. was concerned by the rapid rise of the yen. Previously Mr. Sommers had been outspoken in his support for a higher yen.

"It could be the intervention was a signal from the U.S. of its willingness to respond to serious efforts by Japan to tackle its trade surplus," said Mr. Archer,

"It that is the case, then we could see the Fed intervene interon trade." Mr. Archer added.

Strong yen hightens inflation fears in Asia

TOKYO (R) — Asia fears a dose of inflation as prices of Japanese cars and other imports rise due to the strength of the yen, analysts said Friday.

But Asian goods will be cheaper for Japanese consumers and have hrighter prospects for piercing Japan's borders.

The yen shot up to a post-World War II high of around 100 to the dollar last week, from 127 in August last year.

lo Kuala Lumpur, the depoty governor of the central bank, Bank Negara, said Malaysians should try to buy non-Japanese products to offset the impact of the stroog yen.

"People must substitute if Japanese goods are expensive," depoty governor Lin See Yan

But economists said Malaysia coosomers would not easily switch to other hrands because Due to the high cost of vehicles, Japanese prodocts, ranging from the corporate sector is also reelectronics to cars, had a firm grip on the local market.

will huy Fisher-price Inc. in a \$1

billion deal that will make the

famed maker of Barbie dolls surpass

Hasbro Inc. as the world's biggest

The takeover, in which Mattel

use its stock to pay for Fisher-

Price, was announced hy the

It allows Mattel, which concen-

trates on toys for older children,

to acquire the leading maker of

educational playthings for youn-

ger kids, along with gear ranging

from haby rattles to potty seats.

cause each has different markets

and they're not huyiog competi-

tioo, they're buying hroader sbare of market," said Robert

McCoy, associate poblisher of the

trade magazine Toy and Hohby

concerned, their product lines

now will cover the spectrum.

They will be head-to-head with the other toymakers," said Mr.

"The combination of Mattel

and Fisher-Price will produce a

leading toy company that has the

strongest consumer hrands, hy

"As far as the mass market is

"This merger is natural be-

companies late Thursday.

toy company.

World.

McCoy.

In the Philippines, Japanese joint ventures with car makers were hit hard by the rising yen and have asked the government to approve another round of price hikes oo vehicles.

Henry Moran, president of the Automotive Manufacturers Institute io the Philippines, said production costs had risen over the past months because of the surg-

ing yen. Even when the dollar was worth 109 yen, a five to 10 per cent price increase was needed for car makers to break even, Mr. Moran said.

In Sri Lanka, a spokesman for Associated Motorways Ltd., local ageots for Nissan vehicles, said sales had fallen by about 30 per cent in the past few months.

Toy makers Mattel, Fisher-Price

announce \$1 billion merger deal

share they own.

of \$1.85 billion.

die-cast vehicles.

"Cars have gone up in some cases by 75 per cent in the past year and spares are also costly. viewing plans it would have had to purchase vehicles," be said.

shareholders would get 1.275

shares of Mattel stock for each

Fisher-Price, hased in East Au-

rora, N.Y. employs about 5,600

people and reported 1992 profits

of \$41.3 million on revenoe of

\$694 million. Mattel is headquar-

tered in El Segundo, Calif., em-

ployed about 15,000 and earned \$155 millioo in 1992 on revenoe

Based on those sales figures,

the combination would eclipse

Pawtucket, R.I.-hased Hasbro

with 1992 sales of about \$2.14

Hashro offers a full line of

products, including Gi Joe and

other action figures. Its products

range from infant toys to preteen

tel will now play in the same

Beyond its well-known Bar-

bies, Mattel hottest sellers are

Disney products, a collection of

plush toys and fashion dolls, and

hot wheels, which are minature

Fisher-Price plays to a younger

audience. Its products include

dinoroars, plush neon-coloured

In the stock swap, Fisher-Price years from a highly unsuccessful

offerings, Mr. McCoy said. Mat- networks would provide a

Price's sales.

Pakistan factories, depending also suffer. on Japanese machinery and spare prices go np.

"The strengthening of the ven has sharply raised the prices of Japanese cars," Pakistani car dealer Farrukh Razzak said. "The prices of cars from other countries are also rising in sympathy with the ven.

Hong Kong also will likely suf-fer higher inflation as the strong yen pushes up prices of Japanese electronic goods and raw materials, local economists said. Benjamin Chan, economist with Bank of East Asia, said:

"We, can expect that our trade deficit with Japan will oot improve too much and import inflation will increase." Edward Wong, associate director of Wardley Investment Ser-

vices, said Japanese exporters might discount goods to compensate buyers for the strong yen to maintain market share. Taiwan and South Korea will

venture into toys for older chil-

dren that was spurred by Quaker

Oats, its former parent company.

recorder, bad high-tech features

Mounting losses at Fisher-Price prompted Chicago-based Quaker

Oats to spio Fisher-Price to

shareholders in mid-1991. In the

last 1g months before the spinoff,

Fisher-Price lost about \$70 mil-

Returning to its roots, Fisher-

Price again prospered. In 1992, its first full year as an indepen-

dent company, it earned \$41.3 million, double its 1991 earnings.

bining the companies' interna-

tional marketing and distributioo

"tremendous opportunity" to further the growth of Fisher-

Mattel and Fisher-Price said

they expect the merger to be

completed by Dec. 1, subject to

shareholder and government

announced after the close of trad-

ing on the New York Stock Ex-

Thursday's deal was

Mr. Amerman said that com-

and bigh prices that bombed.

The toys, such as a kids video

"Taiwan's heavy reliance on parts, are also feeling the pinch as Japanese parts and some consumer products is not going to fall in the foreseeable future, so the surge in the yen will definitely hurt our importers," said Jospeh Chen, deputy secretary-general of the Chinese National Federation of Industries, a business

> But on the positive side, the soaring yen is expected to boost Japanese tourism to Asia and exports to Japan.

> Australia, a prime destinatioo for Japanese tourists, expects a fresh wave of ven-rich tourists to shop in Sydney and visit Australia's resorts, tourism officials

> "It makes tourism in Australia even cheaper than it was before," said Godfrey Santer, manager of corporate planning services at the Australian Tourism Commissioo, a government body. "It certainly will be an extra incentive."

Yugoslavian dinar sinks to 105 million per dollar

BELGRADE (AP) — Beset hy crippling economic woes, includ-still working has dropped to \$20. ing skyrocketing inflatioo, the announced a sharp devaluation of the oational currency.

One U.S. dollar will now officially be worth 105 million dinars, Federal Premier Radoje Kontic announced in Belgrade. The previous rate was 49 million dinars to

With hyperinflation surging at more than 15 per cent a day, black market currency dealers already are offering 152 million dinars for one dollar to the street.

Support for rebel Serbs in Croatia and Bosnia severely damaged the Yugoslav economy and strict international sanctions imposed in May 1992 have brought the country's economy to the brink of collapse.

More than half of the workforce bas beeo idled and the

Fearing social unrest, Yugoslav Yugoslav government has authorities have indiscriminately printed money, further fueling

> Mr.Kontic expressed hope that "hyperinflatioo will (in the future) by suppressed to the level of high inflatioo," or a projected 50 per cent per month.

The government has made a number of appeals to the United Nations to lift or at least ease the sanctions.

"Hyperinflation is leading us into African-style poverty and hunger," declared Vojislav Kos-tunica, leader of the opposition Democratic Party of Serbia.

Speaking in a radio interview Mr. Kostunica demanded an immediate stop to the printing of money and a freeze on prices and

Pakistani landowners outraged by wide-ranging economic reforms

KARACHI (Agencies) — Pakistan's feudal landowners reacted with anger Friday at wide-ranging economie reforms introduced hy the country's interim government that will raise prices and impose taxes oo wealthy farmers.

Bnt some husiness leaders and the main opposition group led hy former premier-Benazir Bbutto hacked the bold reforms planned hy caretaker Prime Minister Moeen Qureshi just seven weeks before the end of his three-month

The 63-year-old former World Baok official Thorsday announced hikes in the prices of wheat and edible oils, saying that the tough steps were oecessary as the country was drifting ioto "financial insolveocy."

Mr. Qureshi, who has spent 30 years working with developing economies, announced a new federal wealth tax and provincial income tax on holdings of more than 60 acres (25 hectares) of irrigated land. The government is expected to

collect at least two billion rupees (nearly \$70 million) through the agricultural income tax. He also raised tariffs on elec-

tricity and gas and vowed barsh penalties against those evading tax or public utility dues. The Pakistan Muslim League (PML) of former premier Nawaz

calling it "a transgression of the mandate given to the caretaker government. Analysts said the reforms are

Mr. Qureshi's economic package,

similar to aid conditions insisted on by the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank, which have been calling on Pakistan to slash its ballooning budget deficit and have said they will back the reforms with considerable re-A PML spokesman said Mr.

Qureshi's reforms would increase the prices of essential food items, "depriving the poor of their bread." The interim government should concentrate on its job of holding "free and fair elections in

October," he said. Mr. Sharif's party is strong in the populous province of Punjah, home to many affluent landlords. Mrs. Bhutto, Mr. Sharif's main political rival and also a member

of the landed aristocracy, was reported to have supported the economic reforms at a meeting Thursday with Mr. Qureshi in Islamabad. While several industrialists and businessmen described the pack-

age as too ambitious, others said they thought the measures were essential to revive the beleaguered есополу. Ejaz Shafi, chairman of the

ing contributes about a third of Pakistan's gross national product. Observers said by imposing tax

on the agriculture sector, Mr. Qureshi has fulfiled a long standing demand that governments had avoided dealing with because of the powerful landowning lob-

"No political government could bave done this under normal circumstances," a husinessman io Islamahad said.

Noted analyst Sultan Ahmad writing in the Dawn newspaper said: 'The country should avail the services of a competent visiting surgeon for the operation it desperately needs." Otherwise "it will have to wait

for the return of the family doctor with his slow ways of curing which in the process multiplies the ailments."

Mr. Qureshi became head of a caretaker government on July 18 after former president Ghulam Ishaq Khan and Mr. Sharif resigned after several months of political hickering that had brought the government to a halt. The interim premier also prom-

ised a social security scheme for the poor and stringent measures to curb tax evasion and corruption among government officials, Association of Industry, welparticularly income tax collec-

Poverty makes dramatic decline in East Asia

WASHINGTON (AFP) Poverty has dramatically declined in East Asia over the last twodecades, hut some 180 million people remain in absolute poverty with income of less than a dollar per day, the World Bank has said.

About 10 per ceot of East Asians live io poverty compared with 23 per cent in 1980 and 35 per cent in 1970, despite a 40 per

cent increase in the region's population over the two decades, the bank said io a report. China and Indonesia, the two most populous countries in the region, made the largest strides in

reducing poverty, the report said. The perceotage of people in poverty in China declined from 33 per cent in 1970 to 10 per cent in 1990, while the poverty rate in Indonesia fell from 60 per cent to 5 per cent in the period.

As a result of strong economic growth, South Korea and Malaysia have come close to eliminating absolute poverty, which is defined by the hank as income of less than one dollar per day per

The poverty rate in South Korea fell from 23 per cent in 1970 to five per cent in 1990 and in Malaysia it fell from 18 per

cent to two per cent, the bank

"Poverty has been reduced substantially, but there is no room for complacency," said hank vice president Gautam Kaji. An estimated 180 million remain poor in East Asia — about equal the number of poor in sub-Saharan Africa.

"And the poverty that remains is the more intractable kind, found in pockets thus far hypassed by the general growth and social programmes that have raised others out of poverty," he pointed out.

Nearly nine ont of 10 in poverty in the region live in rural areas. the report said, with women and children most severely affected.

-The report said the poverty rate in the Philippines declined from 35 per cent to 21 per cent over the 20-year period, and fell in Thailand from 26 per cent to 16:

change. Mattebshares closed unfar. in the toy industry," John dinosants, and radio control racer, a radio-controlled car for ages changed at \$25.621/2 and Fishermittently from now on until the Amerman, Mattel's chairman Japanese come up with the goods and chief executive officer, said Price shares were also unchanged and older. in a statement. It has been recovering in recent at \$23,871/2.

MANILA (R) — The Philippine government hopes to kickstart the economy with bigger spend-mg in its 1994 hudget, to be presented to congress next week, but there are serious doubts it can raise enough revenue to pay for

its spending. President Fidel Ramos and his cahinet earlier this month approved a budget of 362 billion pesos (\$12.9 billion), 10 per cent higher than the current budget of

328.9 billion (\$11.7 billion). Under the proposal, only 344.8 hillion pesos (\$12.3 billion) will be disbursed in 1994, and revenues will total 319.2 hillion

pesos (\$11.4 hillion), resultiog in a hudget deficit of 25.6 hillion pesos (\$900 million). revenues are to come from new tax measures which congress has yet to pass.

"This budget is a concrete manifestation of the country's decisive thrust towards economic transformation," Budget Secretary Salvador Enriquez said

Priority areas include energy, housing, health and education, countryside and infrastructure development.

wbether the government can generate the funds for developpesos (\$1.4 billion) of projected

But questions remain as to

ment, since around 40 billion

Philippine budget faces grim prospects tax measures which congress has

> Government is also eyeing foreign and local borrowings of 52.2 billion pesos (\$2.2 billion) to support 1994 expenditures.

Mr. Ramos has urged coogress to pass a tax package to lift the economy and enable it to compete with its Asian neighbours. But many legislators have

balked at the idea of passing new tax measures, saying the govern-ment can raise the needed revenues if tax collection is im-

" als budget is prudent enough in view of the fact that revenue projections are soft, Mr. Enriquez said, hinting the government might have to resort to spending cuts next year if the projected revenues do not mater-

Francis Lugue, economist at Philippine Asia Equity Securities Inc., said reveoues would remain

"Considering that congress has been deferring passing new revenue measures, I doubt if the deficit would be beked at the rate it ought to be licked," he said.

Sharif immediately lashed out at comed the imposition of tax on De Larosiere elected new EBRD head

LONDON (AFP) - Jacques de Larosiere, the governor of the Bank of France, bas been electedpresident of the heleaguered European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) bank officials said.

Mr. De Larosiere, 63, a former managing director of the Interna-tional Monetary Fund, replaces founding EBRD president Jacques Attali, who resigned in mid-July after press attacks on his lavish lifestyle and an internal audit committee report which sharply criticised the bank's spending.

Former Italian premier head the bank, set up in 1991 to Giuliano Amato had been Mr. head the bank, set up in 1991 to make investments in the ocwiy De Larosiere's main rival for the joh, but he withdrew his candida-

cy Monday. The EBRD said Mr. De Larosiere was elected to a four-year mandate hy 5g of the bank's 59 governors, one having abstained. Reliable sources said that the abstaining vote came from the

Italian member. Mr. De Larosiere's election became a foregone conclusion Tuesday when former Polish finance minister Leszek Balcerowicz withdrew his candidacy to

emerging market economies of eastern Europe and the former Soviet Union.

Last year the EBRD backed 54 projects representing a total investment of 1.3 billion ECUs (\$1.15 billion).

Its remit covers loans, openiog credit lines and investing in banks and companies, predominantly those concerned with infrastructure developments.

Mr. De Larosiere had the backing of the Group of Seven of most indostrialised nations.

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which hold 50 per cent of the: share capital in the bank, as we as the Eoropean Community. The voting for the post, done by postal ballot, went to the 59

countries and institutions running the bank, with the winning candidate needing the support of a majority of the bank governors In a statement, the head of the EBRD board of governors, Anne Wihhle, the Swedish finance minister, said Mr. De Larosiere's "distinguished professional record makes him particularly sui:

Peanuts







Andy Capp





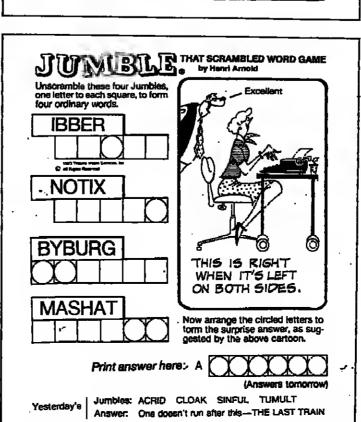
Mutt'n'Jeff



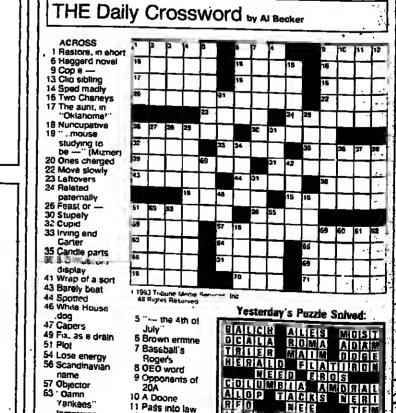








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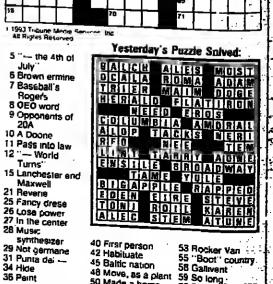


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ı	JORDAN CENANIC INDUSTRILL JORDAN DAINS	77.461	7.705	7,456	7.430
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7	JORDAN INDUSTRIES & MATCH/JIMCO	12,115			
1	SORDAN PRECAST CONCRETE SHOUSTRY MATIONAL CABLE S WIRE MARRIFACTURING	23,505		6.700	4.640
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1	JORDAN KUNALT CO. FOR ACRI. 6 FOOD PROD.	237,145	3.770	2.700	2-500
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TRAND IOTAL 52,416,841 FARALLEL MARKET TRADEMS ACTIVITY FOR THE PERIOD [14/08/1992 - 19/08/1993]

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COMPANY'S MANE	TRADENS	PRIV.	or De The	CLOSING	
	VOLUME JD	PRICE		PRICE	
CENTRAL CEMERAL TRADEMS & STORAGE	21,400	1.140	3, 100	1,240	
JORDAN TRADE PACILITIES	93, 170	0.770	0.210	0.750	
JORDANIAN EXPAIRINTES INVESTMENT MOLDING	2,050	1.480	1.740	1.790	
HIDDLE EAST FOR DEVL. 5 TRADE CO.	2,561	0.750	0.530	0.750	
ARAB INGENERALING IMPOSTREES CO. LTD	6,300	3.000	3.000	2.404	
TORDAN INDUSTRIAL ACSOUNCES CO.	237,352	3.330	3.320	2,270	
MATIONAL CHLORING IMPUSIBLES CO. LTD	146,233	- 3.100	3.230	3.100	
JORGAN NEW CABLE COMPANY	122,514	1.010	1.500	1.540	
MATIONAL MULTIPLE INDUSTRIES	203,253	2.030	2.190	3.110	
GRAND TOTAL	204,663				

Financial

Jordan Times

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Cenzral Bank of Jordan Exchange Rate Bulletin Date: |4 | 1945

Currency	Bid	Onei
L.S. Dottar	0.4410	6.8436
Sterling Pound	1.0434	:.0488
Drutsche Mark	5.4165	6.4156
Swiss Frank	2.4544	9.4557
French Franz	C.1106	0.1174
Japanese Ven	J. ±767	0.5331
Liutrh Cmilder	6.3644	C. 5657
Swedish Krona	3.6676	J. 0850
Italian Lira	6.0432	0.0434
Brigian Franc	0.01948	0.51458

Other Currencies	Date: 19.5 1993		
Currency	Hid	(Mir-r	
Bahraini Dinar	1.8104	1.8400	
Lehanese Lira	0.23945	0.04045	
Saudi Risal	C. 1840	0.1860	
Kuwaiti Dinar	2.2550	2.3500	
Qarari Riyal	0.1875	0.1890	
Egyptian Pound		0.2250	
Omuni Riyal	1.7620	1.8180	
UAE Dirlam	0.1873	0.1890	
Greek Drachma	0.2875	a. 335¢	
Cyprint Pound	1.3350	1.3650	
Per mu			

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and bullion markets Friday.

U.S. \$1.00 costs

1.3152/57 1.6890/00 1.8990/00 1.4860/70 35,45/85 5.8760/60 1595.0/8.0 104,45/55 7.9640/84 7,3105/05 6.8833/03

Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lirc Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

\$1.5040/50 Inc sterling One ounce of gold \$370,35/370.85

Clinton secures Saudi order

for aircraft SEATTLE (AP) - President Bill Clinton helped the Boeing Com-pany and McDonnell Douglas secure a \$6 billion aircraft order from Saudi Arabia's national airline, Senator Patty Murray said.

Ms. Murray, Democrat-Washington, said Wednesday the president spoke with King Fahd of Saudi Arabia on behalf of the companies. She said she received a call from Mr. Clinton on Tuesday telling her the order for both airlines bad been secured earlier

Ms. Murray said she did not know how the order would be split, but other congressional sources cited bur not named by the Seattle Post-Intelligencer (PI) said Seattle-based Boeing would get most of the order.

The order is believed to be for 59 jets, including six Jumbo jeta, 24 medium-range and 29 shortrange jets, the P-1 cited congressional sources as saying.

Boeing spokesman Paul Binder said Wednesday the company would make no announcement. "We do not say anything until the customer does," Mr. Binder

McDonnell Douglas spokesman in St. Louis Don Hanson also said the customer would be expected to make any announce-

U.S. trade deficit soars to 5-year high

WASHINGTON (AP) - The U.S. merchandise trade deficit soared 44 per cent in June to the highest level in five years, the government said Thursday, prompting a massive effort by the Federal Reserve to prop up the

value of the dollar. The startling trade report, far worse than economists had pre-dicted, sent the value of the U.S. doliar tumbling toward a new post-World War II low against the Japanese ven. To halt the fall, the Federal Reserve intervened in foreign exchange markets by purchasing huge quantities of

"Ir was heavy and direct intervention and it came in waves," said economist David Jones of Aubrey G. Lanston and Co. brokerage firm, "That means

they mean business." Americans bought more clothing, televisions and computers from abroad in June, widening the deficit to \$12.1 billion, the largest gap since February 1988, the Commerce Department said.

The deterioration was produced by a 3.3 per cent drop in exports to \$37.6 billion and a 5.1 per cent jump in imports to a record \$49.7 billion. Economists said U.S. exports

are suffering, primarily because the severe downturn in western Europe's economy has depressed demand for U.S. goods. At the same time, American

businesses seeking to improve their efficiency in a soft U.S. economy are buying foreign comouters and communications equipment, And U.S. consumers haven't lost their appetite for imports, particularly Japanese

cars and electronics. Commerce Secretary Ronald Brown said the report "underscores the impact of slow global growth and the need to pursue export opportunities aggressive-

Mr. Brown said "the Clinton administration places high priority on expanding trade abroad to create economic opportunity here at home." But private economists said there's little the administration can do to head off what likely will be the nation's worst trade performance io at least four

"The message is clear. U.S. exports are doing poorly, to a significant extent because of stagnation and recession in Europe and a slowdown in economie activity in Japan," said economist Allen Sinai of Economie Advisers Inc. This big deterioration is a sign of a weak economy losing momentum as we move into the third quarter."

He said the June trade number would make the economy's performance look even weaker in the second quarter than the lackiuster 1.6 per ceot annual growth rate estimated earlier by the

Commerce Department.
During the 1990-91 recession trade was one of the few bright spots in the U.S. economy, with the deficit falling to \$66.7 billion in 1991 from its peak of \$152.1 billion in 1987. But it climbed back to \$84.5 billion last year and is on track to top \$110 billion this

The trade gap for the first six months of the year, \$56.6 billion.

was 55 per cent bigger than the serve's dollar buying with a state- U.S. deficit with Japan, It same period a year ago.

Starting in February, with comments from Treasury Secretary Lloyd Bentsen, the administration sought to improve the deficit by talking down the value of the dollar relative to the yen.

should eventually produce a smaller deficit by making U.S. goods cheaper overseas. But that can backfire. If the dollar were to fall too far or too fast, it could destabilise stock and bond markets in the United States.

The Clinton administration

ment indicating it was reversing its stance.

'We are concerned that the recent rapid rise in the value of the Japanese yen could retard growth in the Japanese and world ollar relative to the yen.

In theory, a cheaper dollar secretary Lawrence Summers

In a separate report Thursday, the Labour Department said firsttime claims for unemployment benefits slipped by 6,000 last. Latin America, especially Mexweek to 325,000 the lowest level ico, and to developing nations since mid-February.

In June, the surge in imports accompanied the Federal Re- reflected in part an increase in the

jumped 15.5 per cent to \$4.3 billion and accounted for more

than a third of the total trade gap. After Japan, the biggest deficit was with China, \$2 billion, up 11 per cent from May. The United States ran \$1.7 billion deficit with western Europe in June, compared with a surplus of \$332

million in May.

Sales have been brisker ro ico, and to developing nations elsewhere. However in June the U.S. surplus with Mexico fell 49



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Yeltsin urges parliament to call early elections

MOSCOW (Agencies) — President Boris Yeltsin officially asked

The Russian president Agencies (Agencies) — President Agencies (the Russian parliament Friday to call early general elections to resolve peacefully a power struggle between his government and the eonservative-dominated

The standoff is still paralysing Russia, two years after a failed hardline coup against then-Soviet President Mikhail Gorhachev.

Speaking more than four months after a referendum showed most voters hacked Mr. Yeltsin and the pro-market reforms introduced since the collapse of the Soviet Union, be said deputies should now go before the voters as soon as possible.

In his message, a copy of which was received by AFP, Mr. Yeltsin .called for "rapid" elections, without setting a date. However he has repeatedly said elections should be held in the autumn "whether parliament wants it or

Mr. Yeltsin told the Snpreme Soviet, or legislature, that "parliamentary elections are a demo-cratic and peaceful way out" of

the political crisis.
He said current members of parliament were legally entitled to run for new terms.

The official call for elections marks the first stage of a "three-month action plan" mapped out by the presidential team to end systematic obstruction by the parliament led by Mr. Yeltsin's main political foe, Speaker Ruslan Khashulatov.

Mr. Khashulatov, who is working frantically for the political survival of a legislature that came out of the Communist era, last week rejected the idea of early elections.

Mr. Yeltsin knew there was little chance the parliament · would agree to resign, but that it would have to act in accordance with the law if he asked for early

"I understand that it is not easy to go before the voters ahead of the end of term but the results of the (April 25) referendum show that voters want this." Mr. Yeltsin told the Supreme Soviet with

The Russian president was implicitly stressing that he personally had had the courage to go to the voters in April, and won not only their support for him but their backing for the "process of social and economic reforms" of his government.

The only concession he made Friday to the legislature was that deputies should "discuss the details of organising these elections.

At stake was "the fate of Rushe said.

"If we pay more attention to Russia's fate and less to our immediate personal interests, we must give the citizens of Russia chance to form a credible leadership without further ado," Mr. Yeltsin added.

The Kremlin views the elections as a crucial step toward adopting a new constitution. The new parliament would be charged with passing the final text, which however would have no chance

before the current legislature. Russian parliamentary speaker Ruslan Khasbulatov meanwhile has told Attorney-General Valentin Stepankov to order the arrest of two top Yeltsin aides on charges of corruption, Interfax News Agency said.

The aides were identified as First Deputy Premier Vladimir Shumeiko and the hea' of the Federal Information Office Mikhail Poltoranin, a ormer

minister Quoting sources in parliament, the agency said Mr. Khasbula.... had put "strong pressure" on ? Stepankov at a meeting h.

Thursday. President Yeltsin market ie sert," the institute said, adding second anniversary of the fa ed that that a conservative esti-Soviet coup Thursday hy urging hard-pressed Russians to defend his reforms against "reactionary forces" who hope to turn back

the clock. The president promised better times ahead, but some 2,000 to 3,000 Communists and other anti-Yeltsin demonstrators used the occasion to condemn soaring prices, rising crime and the breakup of the Soviet Union.

The crowd gathered in the rain in front of the Russian parliament building defended by Mr. Yeltsin and his supporters on Ang. 19-21, 1991, when hardline Communists tried to oust Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev.

Meanwhile, discontent is running so high in the Russian army that the army could turn into a separate political force, a Russian think-tank has warned, adding that troops are deserting in

Poor conditions and loss of job prestige were "driving (the army) to become an autonomous political force," and increasing numbers of officers were attending political demonstrations, according to a report by the Institute for Social and Political Research puhlished Thursday in Izvestia The institute is part of the Russian Academy of Sciences.

Many officers no longer received salaries and had lost 70 per cent of their perks such as free housing and medical treatment, an article in Kommersant newspaper said.

Only 19,000 of the 62,000 new apartments due to have been built this year for the military had been constructed, at a time when many troops were returning from missions abroad, the institute

It also reported a "disturbing rise in criminality in the army, with up to "three premeditated murders and 10 thefts of arms and ammunition" each day.

Suicides had also increased and accounted for one quarter of all deaths in the army, the report stressed.

"Each week 120 people demated.

Russian inherited much of the Red Army after the collapse of the Soviet Union and has been reorganising it and trimming staff. The Defence Ministry hopes to eventually have an army of 1.5 million men - 10 per cent of the Russian population compared with more than four million when the army was part of the old Soviet military.

ANC: De Klerk can't represent S. Africa

ident F.W. De Klerk flies to South America Sunday for a fournation tour, ignoring ANC charges that he had no right to represent South Africa abroad and should stay home to speed the end of white rule.

Mr. De. Kierk's visit to Paraguay, Uruguay. Chile and Argentina is likely to be one of his last foreign trips as head of the South African government in the run-up to all-race elections next April. He told reporters in Pretoria this week the trip would focus on winning new investment and said

it could benefit all South Afri-"There is tremendous room for the expansion of interaction. trade, exports and such good husiness that it could materially contribute to job creation.

investments in our country. I

always do." Mr. De Klerk said. Nelson Mandela's African National Concress (ANC) :-Mr. De Black should stay nome.

ple of South Africa." ANC spokesman Carl Niehaus said. The sooner we have a leader who can speak for the entire population the better and in this regard we hope it will be his last

trip as president of South Africa." he said. Mr. Niehaus said that with multi-party talks about a transition to democracy at a critical stage, Mr. De Klerk would do better to stay home and concentrate on the negotiations.

"He would do more for invest-ment if he stayed here and pushed for a quick transition." Mr. Nichaus said.

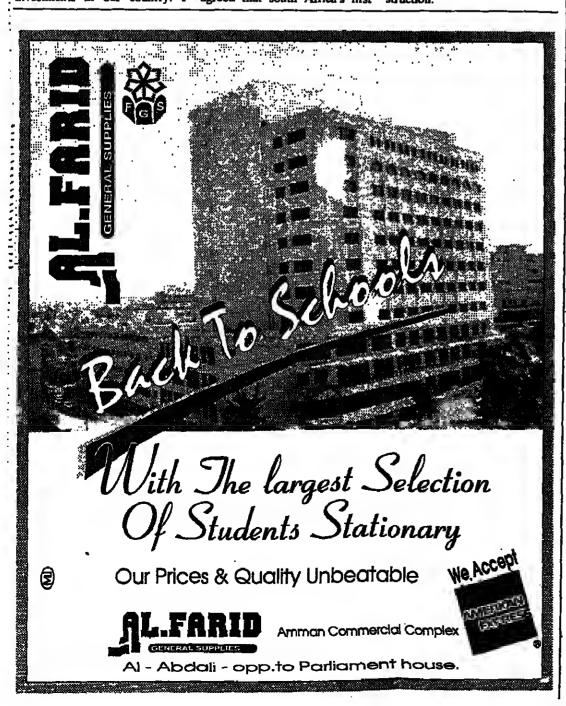
A majority of the delegations 'And I will be looking for new to the democracy talks have agreed that south Africa's first

all-race election, which the ANC is widely expected to win, should be held on April 27.

A senior government source "He cannot speak for the peo- said Mr. De Klerk had twice cancelled plans for a South American tour and felt he could not afford to renege on the arrangements for a third time. "Frankly, he would rather not

be going now," he said. The source said Mr. De Klerk had an invitation to visit the United States later this year and might visit neighbouring states before the April election, which is likely to end his tenure as

president. Foreign Ministry spokesman Peter Wolfaard said Mr. De Klerk would take a high-level business delegation with him Sunday, including people with interests in mining, banking, food production, engineering and con-



NEWS IN BRIEF

Industrialist becomes Georgian premier

MOSCOW (R) — Parliament in the former Soviet Republic of Georgia approved industrialist Otar Patsatsia as the country's new prime minister Friday, journalists in the capital Thilisi said. Mr. Patsatsia, a paper factory boss who previously headed the administration of the western town of Zugdidi, was approved by 124 votes to 17, with six abstentions, after being nominated by Georgian leader Eduard Shevardnadze. Georgia, war-torn and suffering a grave economic crisis, was left rudderless when Prime Minister Tengiz Sigua and his government resigned three weeks ago, since when Mr. Shevardnadze has acted as temporary prime minister.

72 die in China floods

PEKING (AFP) — At least 72 people have died in floods in the antonomous region of Inner Mongolia since mid-July, the Economic Daily said Friday. About 15,000 cattle have perished and more than 100,000 homes have been destroyed following torrential rain in the east off the region in northern China. The floods have caused damages estimated at around \$220 million and affected the livelihood of more than 50,000 people, the newspaper said. Floods throughout China this summer have already claimed at least 700 lives.

U.S. driver's beating trial begins

LOS ANGELES (AFP) - Photos of a trucker being beaten at the start of the Les Angeles riots clearly show that one of the alleged attackers danc 1 joyfully around the victim's hloody body, prosecutors said Thur lay. Two hlack men, Damian Williams and Henry Watson, are h ing tried for attempted murder and other felonies. The focus of he case is their alleged beating of white trucker Reginald Denny in the opening hours of the riots April 29, 1992. In his opening arguments at the start of the racially charged trial, prosecutor Lawrence Morrison presented jurors with blown-up photographs of the bloody, videotaped beating which he said showed the two accused kicking and beating Denny. "Mr. Williams hurled the brick. Reginald Denny crumbled and Mr. Williams celebrated. He then danced with glee around Mr. Denny, joyfully cavorting ... over what he had done," Mr. Morrison said. The defence claim Mr. Williams, 20, and Mr. Watson, 28, are innocent and that police arrested the wrong men.

Rebeis kill 55 indians in Peru

LIMA (AP) - Maoist guerrillas hacked to death 55 native Indian villagers in the central jungle in the past three days, a government official said. Some 200 Shining Path rebels and Indians armed with machetes and spears swept into seven hamlets along the Ene River Valley, 250 miles (370 km) east of Lima, said Lucia Shinsato, head of the Andres Avelino Caceres region. An army official reached by telephone in the jungle city of Satipo, 300 kilometres east of Lima, confirmed the attacks. He said they apparently were in revenge for the Judiane, having helped the army track down averables. The the Indians' having helped the army track down guerrillas. The official, who spoke on condition of anonymity, said army patrols were searching for the attackers.

Conservatives urged to stop drift

LONDON (R) - A leading right-wing Conservative politician opened old wounds in Britain's ruling party Friday with a fresh attack on Prime Minister John Major's leadership. Former cabinet minister Cecil Parkinson urged the government, deeply unpopular among voters and torn hy rifts over Europe in the past year, to stop drifting and make painful cuts in public spending. Mr. Parkinson launched his attack, one of the sharpest yet from such a senior Conservative, in the magazine of the right-wing pressure group Conservative Way Forward, chaired by former Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher. He said the government had been undermined by a year of political unpheavals and must put the past "terrible 12 months" behind it.

India launches offensive in Kashmir

NEW DELHI (AFP) - India's Border Security Force (BSF) has launched a major offensive in Kashmir and Himachal Pradesh in bid to crush Muslim militant strongholds in the border regions of the two northern states. The Press Trust of India (PTI) said the BSF offensive aimed at preventing the guerrillas from shifting their operational hases from the Kashmir Valley to forests and towns elsewhere. The troops are concentrating mainly in Jammn, Kashmir's Hindu-dominated winter capital, and forests adjoining the city where the Muslim secessionists have reportedly moved in, PTI quoted BSF officials as saying. The drive follows stepped-up attacks on government installation on the state borders and last Saturday's killing of 16 Hindu bus passengers outside Jammu. The massacre was the first such reported incident in troubled Kashmir.

Angoian army pushes towards rebel HQ

LUANDA (R) — The Angolan government said Friday its forces were steadily advancing towards the UNITA rebel headquarters of Huambo and bomhing strategie targets in the central highlands. "The Huambo and bombing strategie targets in the central highlands. In a FAA (Angolan Armed Forces) are pursuing their offensive in the direction of Huambo," spokesman Brigadier Jose Manuel "Jota" told reporters in the coastal city of Bengucla. He added that the air force was continuing bomb raids, begun earlier this month, on UNITA military targets in the central highland provinces of Huambo and Bie. Gen. Jota gave no more details. Military sources said government troops, which have recaptured several towns between the Atlantic coast and Huambo, were carrying out clean-up coverations around Ganda about 110 kilometres west of Huambo. operations around Ganda, about 110 kilometres west of Huambo

3 hurt in N. ireland mortar attack

BELFAST (AFP) - At least three people were injured Friday in a mortar attack on the town courts in Newry, in the south of Northern Ireland, police said. One of the mortars, fired from a lorry, exploded close to the court huilding slightly injuring two policemen and a motorist, initial reports said. The lorry then drove away from the scene. The courts were repaired after being damaged by a recent bomh attack hy the Irish Republican Army. In a separate incident overnight in the north of Belfast, three policemen had to be treated for shock after a mortar narrowly missed their patrol car.

Cambodia coalition gains as guerrillas flee rout

Cambodian government forces Ronge have taken firm control of two Khmer Rouge base areas in the first big action by the unified northwest and overrun some army formed after U.N.-run elecguerrilla positions in the centre of tions in May from fighters of the the country, the United Nations

In Bangkok, Khmer Rouge leader Khieu Samphan shrugged off the Cambodian government's offer of surrender terms and called for an urgent meeting of the nation's leaders.

Hundreds of guerrillas and their followers fled two days of thunderous artillery fire in the northwestern province of Banteay Meanchey to seek refuge in Thailand, but were denied permission to cross the border, Thai and U.N. officials said.

The government says it has already disarmed 600 Khmer Rouge fighters and is offering surrender terms to the fugitives. "We have told them that if they

wish to surrender they should bring all their weapons and a white flag and we will take them to a refugee camp," General Pann Thay, vice chief of staff of the coalition government's unified army, told Reuters.

Asked by reporters for his response to Phnom Penh's surrender offer, Khien Samphan said

this week's fighting in northwest-ern Cambodia was "minor."

Government fighters took complete control of the village of Phum Chhat, where the Khmer Rouge had an important arms depot, just after dawn Friday, said Eric Falt, spokesman for the U.N. peacekeepers in Cambodia.

They also consolidated their advances in Ampil district further to the north, though pockets of resistance remained.

In the first 36 hours of fighting, coalition gunners fired over 600 mortar and artillery rounds at Phum Chhat, at one stage at a rate of 40 a minute, U.N. peacekeepers reported.

Mr. Falt said the attackers at National Liberation Front, a western Cambodia

PHNOM PENH (Agencies) — long-time ally of the Khmer

This week's offensive is the former Vietnamese-installed government, the KPNLF, and another former Khmer Rouge

It comes in response to a widesoread campaign of violence by the Khmer Rouge, murderous revolutionary rulers of Cambodia in the 1970s, who boycotted the elections but still demand representation in the new government. Khien Samphan, believed by Cambodia experts still to report to infamous revolutionary leader Pol Pot, repeated the Khmer

Rouge request for a government role after meeting Thai Foreign Minister Prasong Soonstri in Bangkok Friday. Phnom Penh officials say it is too early for talks with the guerrilla group, whose inclusion in

government could spell a stillbirth in Western reconstruction aid to Cambodia. The government says the guer-rilias must give up their zones and submit to the control of the un-

ited army.

Meanwhile the government forces general who captured the Khmer Rouge's second head-

quarters in northwest Cambodia said Friday he arrived in the town to find it completely evacuated of people and weapons.

The Thais provided trucks to evacuate the people," General Khoun Rouen, commander of Division 11 of the fc. mer Khmer

People's National Liberation Front (KPNLF) told AFP. "They took 400 soldiers and 1,000 peo-In' Phnom Penh, a wellinformed source who asked not to be identified confirmed the

allegation. "Not only were they not disarmed, as per the Cambodians' request, they were apparently trucked by the Thai military to Phum Chhat were mainly former Pailin," he said, referring to the fighters of the Khmer People's faction's primary headquarters in

Armenia, Azerbaijan agree enforcing ceasefire is vital

MOSCOW (AFP) — The leaders Wednesday of the Azerbaijani of Armenia and Azerbaijan have border town of Dzherbail. talked by telephone about enforc- Mr. Ter-Petrossian and Mr. ing the ceasefire undermined by Aliyev recognised the importance continued clashes in the disputed of establishing a dialogue beenclave of Nagorno-Karabakh, tween the separatists and Azerthe Interfax News Agency said baijani authorities and the need Friday.

Ter-Petrossian and Acting Azer- vice said. baijani President Geidar Aliyev
stressed during a telephone conversation late Thursday the vital

Security and Cooperation in importance of the ceasefire in the Europe meeting in Rome.

enclave, the agency said. Signed Wednesday to cover an initial five-day period, the ceasefire was marred by fighting Armenian "aggression" in the around the border region of Fizuli south of Nagorno-Karabakh its border, and calling for an and hy what Azerbaijan described as the capture by Arme-

to further such contacts, the Armenian President Levon Armenian president's press ser-

Earlier Thursday Iran seemed poised to end its neutrality in the conflict, strongly condemning breakaway enclave, which is near "immediate and unconditional withdrawai of Armenian forces nian separatists overnight from occupied Azeri territories."

Senator predicts end of U.S. Vietnam embargo

HANOI (R) — A senior U.S. senator predicted Friday that U.S. President Bill clinton would lift the U.S. economic embargo against Vietnam by the end of this year.

"I believe that the emhargo will be lifted sometime between the middle of September and the end of the year," Senator charles Robh told reporters

Sen. Rohh, who carries political weight as chairman of the Senate Subcommittee on East Asian and Pacific Affairs, was the to predict a timeframe for an end

Vietnam, developing its Communist economy along market lines, is eager for the ban or trade and economic relations to be lifted, and U.S. companies want to do business here.

But Mr. Clinton is under pressure to maintain the sanctions from conservative Americans, and especially groups representing Vietnam war veterans and familities of U.S. servicemen listed as missing in action (MIA). Sen. Rohh said all leaders of

the Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN) to whom he had talked and business interests in the region wanted to "move forward" on the issue.

first senior U.S. visitor to Hanoi

Michael Jordan blasts coverage of father's death has new information that shows

RALEIGH. North Carolina (AP) - Michael Jordan thanked supporters for their sympathy following his father's slaying and criticised some media speculation that the death might be linked with shady husiness deals or his own gambling.

The many kind words and thoughtful prayers have lifted our spirits through difficult times," the professional basketball star said in a statement issued by his Washington lawyer, David Falk. "I also want to express my appreciation to the local, state and federal law enforcement officers for their efforts."

Jordan said he always believed that James Jordan's death was a random act of violence and rebuked news reports that it might be connected with family misdeeds.

"I was outraged when this speculation continued even after the arrests of the alleged murderers," Jordan said. "These totally unsubstantiated reports reflect a complete lack of sensitivity to basic human decency."

Authorities have charged two

18-year-olds from North Caroli-na, Larry Martin Demery and Daniel Andre Green, in James Jordan's death, saying the two planned to roh someone and Jordan stumbled into their path. He was shot to death after

stopping his Lexus on a state highway to rest early on July 23 during a trip to Charlotte. When James Jordan was murdered, I lost my dad," Jordan said. "I also lost by best friend. I am trying to deal with the over-

"I simply cannot comprehend how others could intentionally pour salt in my open wound hy insinuating that faults and mistakes in my life are in some way connected to my father's death."

my dad proud.

Jordan said most news accounts have been fair. "Unfortunately, a few engaged in baseless speculation and sensationalism," he added,

Meanwhile an attorney for one of the men accused of killing Michael Jordan's father says he

the two suspects are innocent. Hugh Rogers, the attorney representing 18-year-old Demery, said information he received Thursday suggests that someone else killed James Jordan, the Charlotte Observer reported Fri-

His client and Green "wandered upon a car with a body in it," Mr. Rogers said. He declined

to give further details.

There was pressure on law whelming feelings of loss and grief in a way that would make enforcement to solve this thing and solve it quick," Mr. Rogers said. "... Whether they were overzealous and arrested the wrong folks is something to be deter-

> Mr. Rogers' statement was contradicted by Jim Coman. director of the State Bureau of Investigation.

"We've got the right people,"
Mr. Coman said. "... There's not
any indication that anyone other than Demerey and Green were actually involved in the shoot-

Authorities are performing bal- day.

listic tests on a .38 caliber handgun believed to be the mnrder weapon that could link the two suspects to the killing. Results of the tests are expected next week. Thomas Lusby, the FBI's assistant agent in charge of North Carolina, said there is more evi-

dence than just the gun to link

Green and Demery to the shoot-Anthorities have charged Demery, of Rowland, North Carolina, and Green of Lumberton,

North Carolina, with first-degree murder in James Jordan's death. Demery and Green could face the death penalty. Mr. Rogers said he may ask that his client's trial be moved

hundreds of miles (kilometres) away to western North Carolina. where potential jurors would have fewer ties to the Jordan family. Michael Jordan attended his school in Wilmington, on the North Carolina coast.

"I'm looking at somewhere be-tween Asheville and the Tennessee line," Mr. Rogers said Thors-

Boy, 13, heads for Oxford University

LONDON (R) - A 13-year-old British boy is heading for Oxford University after passing his final school examinations in belogy and chemistry with top grades. Adam Dent, who has been concated by his mother for the past four years, received the results from his A levels Thursday. The exams were straightforward.
There was nothing too trady, Dent told newspapers. Dent now has to wait for the result next week of a less strenuous examination in English to secure his place at the prestigious university, where he will study chemistry. A levels are normally taken by children leaving school at the age of 17 or 18.

Eastwood, companion have baby giri

SAN FRANCISCO (R) - A baby girl has been born to movie star Clint Eastwood and his actress companion Frances Fisher, tress companion Frances Fisher, a hospital spokeswoman said Thursday. The healthy baby was born at the Mercy Medical Centre in Redding, California, on Aug. 7 hut the birth was kept secret until now to protect the couple's privacy, said Sharon Abersold, nursing supervisor at the Catholic hospital. Eastwood, the tough hero in a string of 63, the tough hero in a string of cowboy and detective films, stars in the current hit movie In The Line Of Fire. Eastwood and Fisher, who are not married, have made no secret of their romance or of the 41 year-old actress's pregnance mey have called the girl Francesca Ruth Fisher Eastwood. Eastwood has two children, Kyle, 24, and Allison, 19, from his marriage to actress Maggie Johnson. The

Land-scarce China builds high-rise crypts

PEKING (R) - A land-scarce Chinese town is offering peasants a low-cost way of getting a little closer to heaven — high-rise towers for their cremated remains. The first crypt is going up in the eastern coastal town of Shenhu, where 60,000 graves have been dug np since 1988 to reclaim valuable farmland, Xinhua News Agency said Friday. The cemetery, a seven storey building in a garden setting, is part of a local campaign to break the peasant's age-old preference for burial, which has taken large amounts of farmland ont of production. "The competition for space between the living and the dead has become acute," Shenhu town administrator Yan Chengcan said. For centuries Chinese peasants have buried their dead in elaborre, and expensive rituals, using appropriate land and often leaving families deep in deht. Cremation and intermment in the tower will cost about \$100. A traditional funeral can cost as much as \$25,000. Yet, ornate tombs dotting the landscape have become larger in recent years as farmers cariched by market reforms have poured their prosperity into their own posterity. The government officially favours cremation and has waged frequent campaigns against burial and fancy funerals.

Teen-age girls have highest rate of gonorrhea in U.S.

ATLANTA (AP) — Teenag girls have the country's highest rate of gonorrhea infection — a startling 22 times higher than women 30 and older. And teenage boys aren't far behind, federal health officials reported Thursday. They warned that gonor-rhea, which could signal possible AIDS infection, also could make teenagers more vulnerable to AIDS even if they haven't yet been exposed to that deadly disease. "We need people to say, what the heck is going on here" said Dr. Stuart Berman of the Centres for Disease Control and Prevention. Gonorrhea is one of the nation's most prevalent sex-ually transmitted diseases. About 544,000 cases were diagnosed in 1991, a third of them in teens gers. It is curable but can cause infertility, heart and joint problems if not caught early. About half those infected with gonor, thea don't experience symptoms, which can include pain and dis-

S. Africa reports record jewel theft

JOHANNESBURG (AP) — After months of futile searching, police have appealed for public help in solving what they call the biggest jewel theft in the countries. try's history. Two antique gold necklaces valued at 4 million rand (\$1.18 million) were stolen from the owner's apartment in the seedy Hillborw district in May, police warrant officer Andy Pieke said Tuesday. The jewels, family heirlooms, date back to 1864 and were not insured, he said. "These two items of jewelry are believed to be the most expensive ever stolen in the history of South Africa," Officer Pieke said.

Sabatini upset again

TORONTO (Agencies) — Frenchwomen scored a couple of upsets in the \$750,000 Canadian Open Thursday when unseeded Julie Waland and 17th Halard ousred third seed Gabrieta Sabatini of Argentina and 12th seed Nathalie Tauziat beat fifth-seeded Czech Jana Novotna. Halard beat Sabatini 6-4 4-6 7-6 (7-3) and Tanziat defeated

With top-seeded Steffi Graf having the day off, second seed Arantxa Sanchez Vicario of Spain, fourth seed Mary Joe Fernandez of the United States and sixth-seeded American Jennifer Caprists all advanced to the quarter-finals.

The free-swinging 22-year-old Halard changed her tactics after not winning a set in four previous matches with the 23-year-old

Argentine.
"I just had to do something different," said the 42nd-ranked in just had to do something different," said the 42nd-ranked Halard. "The last time I tried to hit hard on every hall and she liked thar. So this time, I played some soft shots and then when I got an easy one, I'd go for it."

Halard controlled most points with bold shot-making as Sabatini played moonsistently and was unable to sustain a high standard of play and intensity. The number six-ranked Argentine saved a match point trailing 4-5

in the third set, hui was unable to surmouni a 0-4 deficit in the tichreak that ultimately decided the outcome of the two hour, 39 minute third-round match.
"I'm very up and down," said Halard, who ranked as high as

number 18 in 1991. "It's all about what goes on my head, sometimes I

Halard will need to maintain her cool in the quarter-finals against Capriati, a convincing 6-0 6-2 winner over 11th-seeded Amanda Coetzer of South Africa. Capriati won their three previous meetings. Tauziat attributed her victory over Novotna to a conscious effort she has made over the past few months to play more aggressively and

Defending champ Sampras survives: In Indianapolis, defending two-time champion Pete Sampras survived a stiff challenge in beating from Jonathan Stark 5-7, 7-6 (7-2), 6-3 Thursday in the third round of the U.S. Hardcourts.

The victory allowed Sampras to keep alive his battle with Jim Courier for the world's No. 1 ranking beading into the U.S. Open. Courier, ranked No. 2 and seeded second for the tournament at the Indianapotis Tennis Centre, defeating Tomas Carbonell off Spain 6-2, 6-1 in a third-round match.

Qualifier Jimmy Arias lost five match points before defeating No. 4 Goran Ivanisevic 3-6, 6-4, 6-4. Arias, ranked 244th io the world, lost three match points on his serve in the ninth game nd then double faulted before losing the game. He won the first three points of the final game, lost the next two and got the victory when Ivanisevic, No. 10 in the latest tour rankings, double faulred for the 14th time.
"At triple match point, I chocked so had it was disgusting," said

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Arias, who finds himself in the quarterfinals of a tournament after not playing inone since April. "My mind just lost it." Sampras needed 2 hours, 17 minutes to ger past Stark, who lost his serve only twice while saving seven hreak points. Stark was only able to get one hreak in the match.

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2 NT Pass
4 T Pass
4 NT Pass
5 + Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass

Opening lead: Four of -Opening lead: Four of We have frequently remarked that the most successful bridge players are peasimists by nature. Follow Brazil's superstar Gabriel Chagas as he tackles a tricky five-spade contract against Canada at the 9th World Bridge Olympiad.

North's two-over-one response was a game force, and South's jump to four clubs was a splinter, showing club shortness. Blackwood revealed the fact that two aces were missing, and the result was a spade contract in no-man'e-land—the five-level. West led a low heart and the vast

West led a low heart and the vast majority of players would reckon they could not lose more than a trick to the two black aces—and would quickly be defeated. After winning the heart they would immediately go after trumps. West would win, lead a club to partner'e king and get a heart ruff for the actting trick.

While a heart ruff was distinctly against the odds, Chagas considered the possibility and took preventative measures. After winning the heart he immediately crahed three rounds of diamonds, discarding the club loser from hand. West was able to ruff the third diamond, but had no means of getting to partner for a

no means of getting to partner for a heart ruff. The defenders still go! the ace of spades, but that was their the ace of spaces, but that was their second and lest trick.

In the trade, declarer's play is known as the Scissors Coup because it cuts the defenders' lines of communication. It's not difficult to execute; the secrel lies in finding the right moment to apply it.

Milan, Torino clash in Super Cup

WASHINGTON (AP) — At first glance, Milan should dominate Torioo, But if there is a mismatch in Saturday's Italian Super Cup, it will be the other way around.

The Super Cup, the annual kickoff of the Italian soccer season, will pit the League champion red and black against Italian Cup winner Torino — and this year for the first time the event's six-year history is being held in the United States at Robert F. Kennedy (RFK) Stadium.

The match, being played at one of the nine World Cup venues, is part of the Italian federation's to generate some hype for next year's world championship while also luring potential sponsors.

Ir will match AC Milan. which rode a 58-match unbeaten streak to its second straight league crown last season, against Torino, which finished eighth io the league before beating AS Roma on away goals in the two-leg Ita-Cup final.

While AC Milan's lineup iocludes some of the biggest names in soccer, many of them haven't made the trip to Washington or won't play for other reasons — Marco Van Basteo, still recovering from ankle surgery; Jean-Pierre Papin, on assignment with the French national team; Jean-Pierre Papin, on assignment with the French national team; Giaolugi Lennini, recovered from an automobile accident hut still unavailable; and Christian Panucci,

Torino, conversely, will have its best 11, including Uruguayans Enzo Francescoli and Carlos Aguilera, who have rejoined the team from Montevideo, where it played Brazil in World Cup qualifying Sunday a 1-1 draw.

Speaking through interpre-ters, both AC Milan head coach Fabio Capello and his Torino counterpart Emiliano Mondonico Thursday stressed the need for their squads to blend the talents of returning players with talented newcom-

ers,
"We've heen together enough to teach our new players our style of play," said Mondonico, whose team lost three Italian national team players during the offseason, but added three others from the Uruguayan national team.
"But we haven't been

together long enough to make everyone comfortable with

each other yet."
Similarly, despite only a pair
of losses in the last two seasons, the inability to win the European Champions Cup has led to a shakeup at AC Milan - losing Frank Rijkaard to Ajax Amsterdam and Ruud Gullit to Sampdoria, and the squad also is coping with a rebuilding or sorts.

World Athletics Championships

Gunnell breaks world record in 400 hurdles Ottey wins gold; Bubka claims 4th world title

STUTTGART (AP) - For Sally Gunnell, breaking the world record in the 400-metre hurdles was something special and unexpected. For Merlene Ottey, winning the gold medal in the women's 200 metres was the end

of 13 years of frustration and three days of bitter controversy. Gunnell, 27, of Britain, shattered the record by a remarkable two-tenths of a second with a time of 52.74 seconds at the World Championships Thursday night, edging Sandra Farmer-

Patrick, who also went under the previous mark, clocking 52.79. Ottey, 33, of Jamaica, the winner of eight individual bronze medals and two silvers in Olym-

pic or World Championship com-pention since 1980, including a record in six years. devastating second-place finish to Gail Devers in the 100 Monday night, outran, Gwen Torrence in winning the 200 in 21.98.

The sizzling victories by Gunneit and Ottey overhadowed Sergei Bubka's fourth straight world pole vault title and nearmiss at a world record; Kevin Young's second straight world title in the men's 400-metre hurdles, and Dan O'Brien's struggle to lead the decathlon.

"It was a dream come true," Gunnett said after smashing the world record of 52.94 set by Marina Stepanova of Russia io



Gall Devers of the U.S. stares down through the hurdles in qualification beats for the women's 100 metres hardles (AFP photo)



Great Britain's Sally Gunnell on her way to winning the 400 metres burdles (AFP photo)

record in six years.

At first, Gunnell was uncertain she had won after duelling britliantly with the paccsetting Farmer-Patrick. She finally realised it when she saw it on the scoreboard at Gottlieb-Daimler Stadium, filled to capacity at

53,200 — and jumped in joy. Farmer-Patrick collapsed onto the track after the momentous race in which she broke her American tecord of 53.37. She then was helped ionto the medical area by two attendants, before a pep talk from coach Boh Kersee revived her from her mental grief and physical fatigue.

"He said, 'you just got beat and didn'r give up like in the past," said Farmer-Patrick, who led from the ontser until being overtaken just past the final bur-dle by Gunnell. "When he told me, 'great joh,' I got revived immediately. I was shocked he

"He also told me, 'she's got to know now that she's gor to hreak the world roord to beat you again. "I never thought of running that fast and tosing."

Ottey was still convinced that she was robbed of a gold in the 100 after finishing in the same ome as Devers. "How could they (officials) have the nerve to tell me I lost?" she said earlier in the

Her anger dissolved into joy Thursday night.

"I finalty got it after 13 years of waiting ... I have the gold med-al," she said, after receiving a near two-minnte ovation from the crowd while being presented with her coveted gold.

"I wanted to win it so badly that I ran the first 100 too fast and I was having problems the last 10

metres. "But I had a special feeling I would win this race."

She harely woo it, holding off the arm-flailing Torrence, the Olympic champion, who finished secood in 22.00. "This is not revenge after the

100," Ottey said. "I came here to win the 100 and 200,

"I wanted to win this race so badly because I don't know if I'll ever be able to compete io the World Championships again." Bubka, the only athlete to win

four gold medals in the same event in the four World Championships, clinched the victory by clearing 19 feet, 8 1/4 inches (6.00 metres). He then had the bar raised to a world-record 20-1 3-4 (6.14), but missed three times. He came close on his final attempt, brushing the bar on the way down.

Before his record attempts, he was involved in long, beated discussions with the officials over bow much time he would have between jumps. Buhka insisted that since he was the only one left, he was entitled to six minutes, as written in the rules. The officials wanted to give him only

"It was a scandal," Bubka said

American Dan O'hrlen leaves the starting blocks during the men's 100-metre sprint in the decathlon (AFP photo)

angrily, adding that the verhal bantering made him lose his concentration when he finally did jump - with six-minute breaks.

Young, the world record-holder with a 46.78 elocking at

O'Brien, who set the world decathlon record of \$,891 points

"The day was a bit rocky," said

women's discus at 222-1 (67.40 metres).

last year's Olympics, ran the fastest time in the world this year, 47,18, in beating defending cham-pion Samuel Matete of Zambia, runner-up in 47.60.

last year and woo the 1991 world title, needed a personal-best 47.46 in the 400 metres, the day's last of five events, to finish with 4,598 points and a four-point margin over crowd favourite Paul Meier of Germany.

O'Brien, competing despite a troublesome groio injury.
In the day's other final, Olga Burova of Russia won the

Meanwhile, Algeria's Noured-

dine Morceli, the world recordholder and defending champion in the 1,500 metres, made bis celebrated debut in this year's championships and cruised ro victory in his opening-round heat in 3:37.84.

Morceli had threatened to boycott the meet because of lack of prize money, but changed his miod and arrived Wednesday. He said he came because of the importance of the championships and insisted he had no problems with Primo Nebiolo, president of the International Amateur Athletic Federation.

Britain's Steve Cram, the. world mile record-holder. finished hehind Morceli in

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Libya said to have been given secret pledge on Pan Am trial

EDINBURGH (Ageucies) — Secret guarantees have been given to Libya that two men accused of the 1988 bombing of a U.S. airliner would not be handed to the United States if they stood trial in Scotland, a British newspaper reported on Friday.

The scotsman newspaper said a leading Scottish defence lawyer met representatives of Abdul Baset Ali Megrahi and Al Amin Khalifa Fhimah secretly in Brussels to discuss the possibility of giving legal advice to the sus-

Britain and the United States hold the two Lihyans responsible for a bomh that exploded on board a Londou to New York Pan Am flight over Lockerbie in December 1988, killing 270 peo-

The newspaper said the talks were the first real sign that the accused were considering surreudering to arrest warrants issued by Britain and America in November 1991.

It said that in addition to the secret pledge that they would not be handed over to Washington, Libvan leader Muammar Oadbafi

By a Jordan Times

Palestinian sources here de-

scribe as a unsurprising move.

aged to bring in most main-

stream factions under his lead-

ership following a period of

serious dissent, had been in-

dicating for several months

that he was planning to quit the

"Mr. Darwish did not want

anything to do with the inter-

Palestinian politics and strug-

gle, and wanted to rise above

everything and simply confine

himself to his literary work,"

said a source who knows the

Mr. Darwish, who left the

West Bank after Israel occu-

pied the area in the 1967 war,

was seeking to be named the

Palestinian representative to the United Nations Education-

al, Scientifie and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO), hut

Mr. Arafat wanted him to re-

main in the PLO Executive

Committee, said the source.

Other sources said Mr. Ara-

panel, the sources said.

poet very well.

had been assured a Libyan lawyer could join their defence team. The Scotsman said advocate Lord Macaulay had gone to Brus-sels after being called in by lead-

ing criminal lawyer Alistair Duff. Mr. Macaulay, 59, is the opposition Labour Party's spokesman in the House of Lords on Scottish legal affairs.
In London, the Crown Office,

part of the governeut's legal offices, declined to comment in detail on the report.

But a spokesman said: "The crown office was aware in advance that Lord MaCaulay was travelling to Brussels and we were aware of the purpose of the meeting. It was a privae meet-

Libya bas consistently refused to hand over the two alleged intelligence agents, despite the imposition of United Nations sanctions against Lihya. The government says it will not stand in their way if they surrender volun-

Tripoli has denied any role in the bombing and has said it would surrender the two Lockerbie suspects for trial in a neutral country

Mahmoud Darwish resigns from

hut not to the United States or Britain. The offer was rejected. In a television interview

screened in Scotland on Thursday, Colonel Qadhafi said neither war nor sanctions would make Libya hand the men over. But negotiations and understanding could lead to a solution. "All the sanctions of the world

or even of the universe they will never make Lihya submit," Col. Qadhafi told a Scottish Television (STV) reporter in Tripoli earlier The Scotsman said elaborate

precautions had been made to house the two accused in a Glasgow prison. Any trial would be held in the high court in Edinburgh or Glasgow.
Col. Qadhafi said that the res-

toration of diplomatic links with his country by London and Washington could speed the trial of the two meu.

In his interview with Scottish Television, he said the renewal of ties would encourage the two suspects and "would give them more confidence to go" to one or other of the countries to stand



Salam Al Majali Friday opened at the Amman International Fair an exhibition of Jordanian in-

foodstuffs, electric appliances, construction material and other items. The Armed Forces are dustries (photo above) organised by a local firm in observance of His Majesty King Hussein's accession to the throne anniversary. The exhibition

Israel court orders Demjanjuk detained for another 15 days

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israel's chief justice ou Friday gave petitioners two weeks to present a final appeal to try John Demjan-

juk on new war crimes charges.

The decision by supreme court
justice Meir Shamgar gives the
nine petitioners until Sept. 2 to convince the highest level of the court that it should look at the case agam.

Mr. Demjanjuk, 73, was acquitted last month as the guard Ivan the terrible" of the Treblinka camp, But the court found there was convincing evidence Mr. Demjanjuk belouged to a Nazi guard unit that belped kill Jews and served in other camps.

In all, eight high court justices and the attorney general have decided against a new trial, citing the danger of double jeopardy and saying legal proceedings against the retired Ohio auto worker have already dragged on for too long.

Petitioners must now find arguments they have not made before on why Mr. Demjanjuk should be put on trial again. Mr. Demjanjuk will remain jailed in his isolation cell in the meantime.

Mr. Demjanjuk's son, John Jr., said Friday he was disappointed and concerned for his father's well-being. "It is difficult to imagioe that

he has to continue to suffer in a 12 foot by 10 foot, 100 degree prison cell. But that is the hand we have been dealt," be told

GENEVA (R) — The Umted

Nations launched an urgent

appeal Friday for \$28.7 million to

rebuild schools and bomes in

South Lebanon damaged hy an

But a senior U.N. aid official

announcing the appeal conceded

that if bombings by pro-Iranian

guerrillas continued to draw

Israeli retaliation, it might be

hard to convince donor countries

to give money for immediate

Some 1.500 homes were totally

destroyed and 16,000 damaged in late July by Israeli attacks to

avenge the killing of its soldiers.

according to the U.N. appeal

Israeli blitz last month.

reconstruction.

N. seeks

Noam Federman, a leader of the Ultra-rightist Kach movement that bas threatened to kill citizensbip. Mr. Demjanjuk, said be was

"I'm happy for every day that Demjanjuk, is suffering," Mr. Federman said outside the court. Even if they agree to another trial he'll eventually get out and when be goes there will be someone to take care of him."

Mr. Demjanjuk was oot iu "I decided to carry out the delay of the deportation order until the presentation of a request for a further bearing." Judge

Shamgar said. The ruling by Mr. Shamgar, who led the five-judge panel that acquitted Mr. Demjanjuk three weeks ago, gave groups seeking his prosecution for other alleged war crimes 15 days to prepare petitions.

Mr. Demjanjuk, backed by U.S. court ruling that he can return to his home in Cleveland, had planned to fly to the country that became his home after World War II.

Mr. Demjanjuk was stripped of U.S. citizenship in 1981 for lying about his alleged Nazi past and was extradited to Israel in 1986 to stand trial as "Ivan."

Earner this month. appeals court said Mr. Demjaniuk should be returned to the United States so he can make his case for trying to get back his citizenship. The U.S. Justice De-

\$28m for

Robert Souria, who just re-

turned to Geneva after heading a

week-long U.N. inter-agency

mission to devastated areas of

South Lebanon and the west

"I strongly hope donor countries and the international com-

munity will respond positively to

this appeal because it would be a

gesture of solidarity for the stabil-

Mr. Souria, chief of the relief

coordination branch of the U.N.

Department of Humanitarian

Affairs (DHA), added: "I will

admit that this appeal will be

difficult because when you see

ity of Lebanon.'

Bekaa Valley, told reporters:

partment has sought to block Mr. Demjanjuk from restoring his

In New York, a group of holo-caust survivors filed a lawsuit Thrusday seeking to block Mr. Demjanjuk's return. But U.S. District Judge Leonard B. Sand in Manhattan threw it out, saying be did not bave jurisdiction to consider it.

The French association of the sons and daughters of deported French Jews on Friday laid charges against Mr. Demianiuk for crimes against humanity, the association said.

The French association said even if be was not the SS gnard at the Trehlinka camp, he was indisputedly an SS guard at the Sobibor camp during World War II." It said the Israeli judicial authorities had not been able to try him for crimes committed at sobibor because the extradition agreement reached with the United States concerned only the acts committed at Treblinka.

But the French judicial authorities would be competent to try him, the association said, nothing that four deportation convoys of French Jews were sent to Sobibor in March 1943.

The association's president is the famous "Nazi hunter" lawyer

France Friday banned Mr. Deinjanjuk from passing through Paris if he were released from detention in Israel and headed home to the United States.

∠ebanon

could be donor countries who

say, "why reconstruct now if

there will be more attacks tomor-

"We have to continue raising

funds no matter what circumst-

ances might hit, such as those of today or yesterday," be added. Hundreds of civilians fled

South Lebanon Friday but most

stayed put as fears subsided of a

buge Israeli blitz to avenge the killing by pro-Iranian guerrillas of

nine Israeli soldiers and wound-

ing of three in two bomh attacks.

Israeli warplanes on Thursday

bombed four Hizbollah targets in

eastern Lebanon's Bekaa Valley

in retaliation for the first attack.

"We shall fight terrorism be-

cause we have to provide security

for all peoples, not only Israelis.

We shall fight for peace because

"Today the greatest trouble maker in the Middle East is

Iran," Mr. Peres told a news

conference after talks with

Norwegian government leaders.

They provide money and sup-

South Lebanon) will not provide

protection to the Hizbollah and I

think many of the villages under-

stand now that this is our posi-

We hope that the villages (in

peace is the ultimate solution,"

bomb blasts.

Khartoum scoffs at 'terrorism' charges

KHARTOUM (Agencies) — Sudan has denounced U.S. charges that it exports "terrorism" and vowed to continue national mobilisation and "go forward on the avenue of Jihad." Government newspaper Friday

published defiant remarks by Interior Minister Brigadier Abdul

Raheem Hussein and a statement

by the Foreign Ministry saying

Washington presented no evidence for its charges. Brig. Hussein told female cadets graduating Thursday from a Home Defence Force training camp: "A nation whose women carry the Kalashnikov will never

be subjugated or bumiliated." Every able-bodied Sudanese is supposed to undergo training for the Home Defence Force militia, a key element of the ruling military junta's Islamisation programme. Many Western experts con-tend that foreign Islamic extremists, especially Iranians, conduct some of the training, with Egyp-tian, Algerian, Palestinian and

The armed forces newspaper Al Nasr reported the speech to the women militia graduates by Brig. Hussein, Sudan's top security officer, who donbles as the junta's secretary-general.

other foreigners among the

"We will continue to militarise every Sudanese citizen," he said. "Sudan will go forward on the avenue of Jihad, carrying arms for the defence of the bebefs and the nation,"

The United States said Wednesday it was adding Sudan to its list of states sponsoring" international terrorism" because the country harbours foreign "terrorists." The junta leader, Lientenant, General Omar Hassan Al Bashir, denied the allegation and attacked the decision as politically biased and lacking in evidence and logic." On Friday, newspapers reported a Foreign Ministry state-

ment denouncing the U.S. action. The ministry denied that Sudan hosts "terrorist" organisations and said not a single "terrorist" act has heen launched from Sudan. Egypt, Sudan's northern neighbour, claims evidence that Muslim extremists active in that country were trained in Sudan.

The Sudanese statement said arguments the Americans gave for listing Sudan were so weak that the Sudanese government "believes that the main and real reason behind it was that the Sudan's civilised Islamic orientation was not acceptable to the U.S. administration."

Evidence given was far too unsubstantial for "such a grave decision," the statement said. The listing means Khartoum is ineligible for U.S. aid except humanitarian relief, this year totalling \$71 million.

U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher ordered Sudan be put on the list after a six-month inquiry showed the Sudanese government allowed "terrorist" groups to operate on its territory. State Department spokesman Michael McCurry said Wednes-

"The cumulative weight of the evidence establishes that Sudan is providing repeated support for international terrorism," Mr. McCurry said.

tion," Mr. Peres said.

'If they won't be hideaways for the Hizbollah they will not suffer anything. But if they bring in the Hizbollah people we don't bave a choice hut to chase them where they are," be said.

France urged Israel not to get caught up in a spiral of violence; while hlaming Hizbollah for jeopardising the peace process.

While holding the guerrilla group responsible for Thursday's attacks. France called on all states with influence in hte region to "use it to encourage everyone to show restraint."

(Continued from page 1)

opinion and stand. The important thing is that we should respect each other, to live and to rear up children to accept the principle of dialogue because dialogue is the way to reach what is best (for us

two tasks that face Jordanians were the completion of hailding up a democratic Jordan and reviving the Great Arah Revolt as a document in a new context."

"We support dialogue over this new national project that would be consistent with the requirements of contemporary reality and that would "serve the interests of the unified family and

the Arab nation." "We are in dire need of (this) new project that would make

The King said that there was no change in Jordan's position on the proposal for a Jordanian-Palestinian confederation. Jordan has said that it is premature to discuss the proposal until the Palestinians achieve their complete rights in the occupied terri-

The King said the issue of only for Muslims but also for Christians, too. He said that any formula on regarding Jerusalem should not give authority to one party over another on the sacred

"We cannot imagine a solution without concentrating on the Jerusalem issue," the King said. "For us, Jerusalem means something, and for Israel it means something else and the one who discusses from ontside this region of the issue under discussion."

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Marseille hospital gets princely gift

MARSEILLE (AFP) — Saud Prince Walid Al Waleed Ibn Talal Ibn Abdul Aziz Al Sand gave 5 million francs (\$833,000) to a hospital bere which successfully operated on his son, public welfare authorities said. The prince's 15-year-old son suffered a broken skull in a jet-ski accident Tuesday near the French Riviera resort of Saint Tropez. He was rushed to the Timone Hospital where doctors performed the operation. The grateful father wants his gift to be spent on renovations, offi-

Clinton tries to resist workaholic tendencies

MARTHA'S VINEYARD, MRSsachusetts (R) — U.S. President Bill Clinton is vowing to put the drugery of work aside for the next 10 days and just relax and enjoy this exclusive New England resort island. And this time the normally work-prone leader seems to mean it. Mr. Clinton, who celebrated his 47th birthday with family and friends at a dinner party bosted hy Washington lawyer Vernon Jordan shortly after his arrival Thursday, expressed mock horror when an aide remarked he had brought some paperwork along. "Burn it" he jokingly commanded. He scheduled a round of golf at the Farm ned to read a few books during his stay here. They included a new biography of Thomas Jefferson given to him as a birthday present by Vice-President Al Gore and a thriller by Robert Ludlam. The president is staying with his wife Hillary and their daughter Cheisea at the secinded oceanfront home of Robert McNamara, defence secretary under presidents John Kennedy and Lyndon Johnson.

Chiang Kai-Shek's grandson travels to China

TAIPEI (R) — A grandson of Taiwan's late Nationalist leader Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek left for China Friday, becoming the first member of the Chiang family to return there in over four decades. Winston Chang. 51. president of Taiwan's private Soochow University, led a delegation of about 60 judicial officials and lawyers to Peking to attend a law seminar, which be gins on Aug. 23. He will then travel to Guilin in China's southern Guangxi province to sweep his mother's grave. Tombsweeping is a Chinese tradition in which people offer sacrifices to appease the souls of dead family members. Chang, who bears his mother's surname, was born in China before Chiang Kai-Shek's Nationalist, government lost the Chinese civil war and fled to Taiwan in 1949. Chang told reporters Friday that his trip had the blessing of Taiwanese President Lee Teng-Hui and political obstacles bad been removed.

Advocates for mentally iii upset at Perot

A SOCIETY OF ALBANY, N.Y. (AP) -- Presidential aspirant Ross Perot was criticised by an advocacy group that claimed his use of Patsy Cline's "Crazy" as a theme song at political rallies was insensitive to the mentally ill. The Alliance for the Mentally Ill of New York. State is also angry about the Texas billionaire's frequent likening of the federal deficit to "a crazy aunt we keep down in the hasement." "We would like an apology - an acknowledgement that be is, in a sense, very politically incorrect by saying what he is saying," said Glen Liebman, spokesman for the alliance. He said the group represents thousands of family members of mentally ill New Yorkers. Mr. Perot, who will be in New York state this weekend, was quick to respond with an apology.

Noriega can stay in prison suite

MIAMI (AP) — Manuel Noriega can spend his 40-year cocainetrafficking sentence in the relative luxury of his Miami prison suite, the Federal Bureau of Prisons ruled. With the decision, the former Panamanian ruler, onsted in a December 1989 U.S. invasion, avoids the tough, maximum-security prison in Marion, Ili., where prosecutors had sought the right to place him. "Obviously, Manuel Noriega has special needs, and we feel that his placement in the area that he's in is in appropriate, 'said prison bureau spokesman Greg Bogdan. Defence attorneys were notified in a letter mailed Tuesday, said lead prosecutor Michael Sullivan. "He can stay in the same (cell) he's been in" Mr. Sullivan said.

Staff Reporter Mr. Darwish, who served as AMMAN - Mahmoud Darbead of the influential General wish, a highly respected figure considered by many as a sym-Federation of Palestinian Writers and Jouroalists, was strengthening the mainstream leadership of the PLO. bol of Palestinian culture, bas resigned from the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)

Darwish was quoted as saying

that he was going "to give all

fat obviously thought that hav-

ing such a respected figures as

In comments carried in re-Executive Committee in what ports from Tunis Friday, Mr.

Mr. Darwish, a renowned poet my time to my intellectual who has written several books and has been honoured with The sources in Amman said international awards for his Mr. Darwish was upset with outstanding literature, submitthe course of Palestinian ted his resignation last week to decision-making and felt that PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat he could not maintain a figurehead leadership position amid indications that the PLO was and refused to withdraw it. reports from Tunis said. Mr. Darwish, who joined the PLO Executive Committee making concessions after concessions to the Israelis in the 21-month-old Middle East in 1987 after Mr. Arafat man-

peace process.
"Mr. Darwish did not want to be part of an agreement which does not explicitly provide for Israeli withdrawal from all occupied territories, said a PLO source here.

Mr. Darwish opposed the peace process under the present terms of reference and framework imposed by the U.S. and Israel, but hoped that as things went along the Palestinians would be able to wrench a better deal, said the

"But when it became clear by the eighth round (of bilateral talks) that the Israelis and Americans were calling the shots, and the Palestinians were coming under increased pressure to tow the line, he wanted to resign," added the

Another independent PLO executive said in Amman last

PLO's Executive Committee month that decisions related to the peace process were limited to a selected group of executive Committee members and close Arafat advisers wbo wanted to continues the peace talks with Israel regardless of

Sheikh Abdul Hamid Sayeb, speaker of the Palestine National Council (PNC), resigned three months ago, also in protest against the course of the peace process.

Palestinian negotiators were also disappointed with what they saw as behind-the-scene moves by the PLO without consulting them. Three top negotiators submitted their resignations last month, but retracted it under a compromise which meant they would be closely consulted before the PLO makes any moves in the peace process.

Mr. Darwish is credited with arranging contacts hetween PLO officials and leftist Israeli politicians, notably the Meretz bloc which is now part of the ruling coalinon in the Jewish state.

Mertez leader Shulamit Aloni confirmed last week that she bad met with Mr. Darwish after be became a member of the PLO Executive Commit-

Another reason behind Mr. Darwisb's resignation, according to a Reuter report from Tunis, was financial management of the PLO. But the sources bere doubted whether that figured high in Mr. Darwish's reasons to quit, "given his aversion to getting involved in such issues," as one of the sources put it.

Muta plot trial to start soon

Staff Reporter

AMMAN - The trial of 10 people accused of plotting an attack against His Majesty King Hussein will open at the State Security Court early next month but two leaders of an illegal group now under detention are not expected to he charged in the case, informed sources said.

The sonrces said unexplained last-minute snags had delayed the trial, which was supposed to have started this

The sources, who spoke to the Jordan Times on condition of anonymity, said the security forces were seeking two sus-pects who were still at large and were giving them an ultimatum to give themselves up immediately.

The sources did not say how the ultimatum was heing

The sources identified the two as Walid Shahin and Yousef Ishaitan and said the two were suspected of being leading members of the Islamic Liheration (Tahrir) Party (ILP).

Those already in detention include two other members of the party. Ismail Al Wihab and Hilal Al Shamout, and six students from the military wing of Muta University. "The trial will start next

tried in absentia along with the other eight," said a senior According to the source,

ILP spokesman Ata Ahu Rish-

month, and if the two at large remain missing, they will be

deh, who were arrested in May, did not appear to be linked with the Muta plot, which involved an assassination attempt against King Hussein during a graduation cere-

mony in June. "As far as evidence indicates, the two are not being detained in connection with the plot," said the source. The comment indicated that

Mr. Abn Rishteh and Mr. Khawaldeh could have been detained for undertaking political activities without obtaining legalisation of the group. The ILP, which maintains a defiant posture towards all existing Arab governments, has not applied for registration with the government under the political parties law enacted in

In a statement given to the Associated Press early this week, the ILP denied any involvement in the Muta plot and said it had no links whatsoever with the students detained. The group did not say whether the two others in de-

tention belonged to the party. Another member of the ILP, Ibrahim Judeh, was arrested two weeks ago, but it was not immediately known whether he was suspected of involvement in the Muta plot.

An official spokesman last week confirmed the arrests and the discovery of the plot. Reporting on the affair so far has been restricted since investigations were continuing.

According to Jordanian

press laws, cases under inves-

tigation are not supposed to be

reported. But when trials start,

there are no restrictions to reporting the actual proceed-

ings in court.

More than 30 people were initially rounded up for questioning in connection with the Muta plot in April. All except the eight suspects have been released since then.

Families of the suspects held a press conference last week to maintain the innocence of the detainees and appeal to the King to intervene and ensure that "justice is carried out." They alleged that the suspeets were tortnred while

undergoing questioning. The suspects were moved to a military prison in Zarga earlier this month, and some of the family members were allowed to visit them.

The ILP was founded in the West Bank in 1951. Its founder, Taqiddiene Nonbani, later set up a Jordan hranch. It was outlawed when political parties were banned in the Kingdom in 1957 The group does not recog-

nise any Arah regimes and seeks the establishment of ealipbate-style governments through coups d'etats. Its record shows that it does not believe in passive or violent resistance to regimes, but seeks the help of influential community leaders and the military to topple govern-

occupied territories apparently because it does not believe that such resistance will serve its purpose of creating a caliphate-style, rather than a nationalist, state.

The ILP is not part of the

Palestinian uprising in the

what has happened today there Hizbollah warns against attacks

(Continued from page 1)

said they ruled out an Israeli response similar to the air, artillery and sea bombardments jast month that killed 150 people and drove 300,000 from their homes. But guerrillas and Lebanese troops were on high alert for what the sources expected to be a

limited reply to Thursday's hombings which took the bloodiest toil among Israeli troops in Lehanon since 1985. Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rahin said Thursday's bomh attack did not violate the ceasefire and the deaths would not

affect Middle East peace talks, due to resume on Aug. 31. "There would be no sense io going to Beirut or widening the security zone," Mr. Rabin told Israel radio, ruling out any escalation unless guerrillas target Israeli civilians.

Deputy Defence Minister Motta Gur added: "Operation Accountability cannot be repeated every week." He was referring to last month's hlitz. Under the U.S.-hrokered ceas-

efire, Lebanon and Syria pledged to stop the rocketing of northern Israel, which sparked the devastating operation. Mr. Rabin said the ceasefire

was bolding and admitted that the bomh hlasts Thursday were within the "rules" of the conflict in southern Lehanon. "The Israeli army will bave to adapt to how the Hizbollah

fights," Mr. Rabin said.
"I am sorry the Hizbollah beat

adapt to its way of fighting and minimise our losses. But we cannot preveot casualties.' "Israel will not tolerate attacks

ou communities in the north." Mr. Rabin warned. The operation (accountabil-

ity) was aimed at preventing the war of attrition the army faces in Lebanon from spreading to our civilians," Mr. Rabin said. "So far that aim has been achieved." He also rejected a right-wing opposition call to halt peace negotiations with Syria.

"It is true that Syria allows the Hizbollah to receive arms from Iran and has certainly not eucouraged the Lebanese government to deploy forces in the south, but breaking off the negotiations with Damascus would serve no pur-

In Baalbeck, a Hizbollah official threatened U.N. Secretary General Boutros Ghali for having sent condolences to families of Israeli soldiers killed in guerrilla "The day will come when Boutros Ghali, who sheds tears

today for the aggressors, will see his blood spilled as well as that of his collaborators who plot against our resistance." Sheikh Mohammad Yazbek said. In Oslo, Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres vowed revenge for the deaths of nine Israeli

soldiers and called Iran the big-gest trouble maker in the Middle Mr. Peres, in Oslo as part of a tour of Scandinavia, said Israel would continue regional peace us yesterday. We will have to talks despite Thursday's deaths in

'Electoral change a necessity'

The King said that the basie

things follow the right track," be

Jerusalem was very important not

might not comprehend the reality